

# may 

## Q2 2019 <br> RESULTS PRESENTATION

September 20, 2019

## Disclaimer

This document does not constitute or form part of any offer to sell or issue or invitation to purchase or subscribe for, or any solicitation of any offer to purchase or subscribe for, any securities of the Company. The information, statements and opinions contained in this presentation do not constitute any advice or recommendation regarding the securities of the Company, nor shall it or any part of it nor the fact of its distribution form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with, any contract or investment decision.

To the extent available, the industry, market and competitive position data contained in this presentation come from official or third party sources. We have not, however, independently verified the information in industry publications, market research or other publicly available information provided by third parties, although we believe the information contained therein to be from reliable sources. In addition, certain of the industry, market and competitive position data contained in this presentation come from our own internal research and estimates based on the knowledge and experience of the Company's management in the markets in which we operate. Although we believe our internal estimates to be reasonable, these estimates have not been verified by any independent sources. We cannot, therefore, assure you of their accuracy, or that a third party using different methods would obtain the same results. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on any of the industry, market or competitive position data contained in this presentation. We do not intend, and do not assume any obligation, to update industry, market or competitive position data set forth in this presentation. As a result, you should be aware that data in this presentation and estimates based on those data may not be reliable indicators of future market performance or our future results.

This presentation includes forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements provide current expectations of future events based on certain assumptions and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. You can identify forward looking statements by their use of words such as "anticipate", "estimate", "believe", "intend", "plan", "predict", "may", "will", "would", "should", "continue", "expect" and similar expressions, although these expressions are not the exclusive means of identifying forward-looking statements. Forward looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and other important factors over which we may have limited or no control. These factors could cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from any future circumstances, results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such statements. As a result, you should not place undue reliance on such statements. Changes in customer tastes and spending patterns; changes in customer traffic; ability to accurately predict customer preferences and demands; ability to successfully implement new store rollout and retail strategy; effectiveness of brand awareness and marketing programmes; difficulties that can be observed in retail fashion and fragility that can be observed in customer loyalty; competitive factors in retail fashion; impact of extreme unseasonal weather conditions on retail fashion; ability to retain key management and personnel; circumstances affecting relationships with major suppliers and distributors; currency and interest rate risks and fluctuations and other changes in financial markets and macro economic conditions; changes in tax rates, applicable laws and government policies and operational disruptions, natural disasters, wars, terrorist activities, work stoppages, slowdowns or strikes are, without any limitation of the foregoing, among these risks, uuncertainties and other important factors. You can find further details of the principal risks and uncertainties affecting the Company in the explanatory notes of financial statements and in the "Risk Management and Internal Control System" section of the Annual Report. The forward-looking statements included in this presentation represent the Company's views as of the date of this presentation. These views could change. In consequence, you should not rely on these forward-looking statements as representing the Company's views as of any date after the date of this presentation.

The information and opinions contained in this presentation, including the forward-looking statements described above, are provided as at the date of this presentation. They are subject to change without notice. The Company expressly disclaims any obligation to update any such information or opinions except any obligation arising from applicable capital markets regulations. By reading this presentation or attending or listening to any relevant meeting, conference call or podcast organized by the Company, you represent and warrant that you are a person to whom this presentation may lawfully be distributed, and you agree to be bound by the provisions above.

## First Half 2019 Highlights

- Consolidated revenue increased by 26\% to 1,340 TRYm
- EBITDA grew by $14 \%$ to 178 TRYm resulting in 13.3\% EBITDA margin
- Net profit contracted by $14 \%$ and resulted in 46 TRYm
- Store roll-out continued with 9 openings and 3 closures in Turkey, to reach a total of 433 mono brand stores ${ }^{2}$
- Turkey Retail LFL revenue grew by 20.8 \%
- Active Kartuş card holders reached 5.5 mn with 637K new customers

GROUP HIGHLIGHTS¹

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Revenue } \\ \text { Growth } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14 \% \\ \substack{\text { E8IIOA } \\ \text { ciown }} \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 13.3 \% \\ \substack{\text { EBiITA } \\ \text { Margin }} \end{gathered}$ | $-14 \%$ <br> Nel Profit <br> Docine |
| $433^{2}$ |  |

## TURKEY RETAIL HIGHLIGHTS



## Revenue Growth in All Sales Channels



- Total revenue consists of $65.0 \%$ retail, $30.9 \%$ wholesale and $4.1 \%$ e-com.
- $82 \%$ of consolidated revenue is from Turkey

Turkey Revenue (TRYm)


## Turkey Retail Operations




- 6 net new store openings in H1 2019
- 9 stores expanded in H1 2019
- Total selling space reached 153K sqm with average 500 sqm per store


## Basket-Driven Like-for-like Growth




- Strong Q2 LFL performance (25.0\%) with positive traffic and transaction growth
- Price positioning maintained despite inflationary environment
- Continued focus on brand, product investments and customer experience


[^0]
## Sales in Denim \& Lifestyle Categories



Note: Turkey Retail Net Sales Only. Remaining $6 \%$ of net sales consist of non-denim bottoms, skirts, dresses and kids. 'Including shoes

## Focus on Online Sales Growth



|  | Turkey Online Sales (TRYm) |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $\%$ | $2.3 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ |



mavi
H1 2018
H1 2019

## Consolidated Financial Metrics



## Cash Conversion and Working Capital Management

Cash Conversion (Exc. IFRS16)


H1 2018
H1 2019

| TRYm | H1 2018 | H1 2019 | (\%) |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: |
| EBITDA | 155.8 | 177.8 | $14.1 \%$ |
| $\Delta$ in NWC | $(17.4)$ | $(47.3)$ |  |
| Operating Cash Flow | 138.4 | 130.5 | $(5.7 \%)$ |

${ }^{1}$ Working Capital as per the cash flow statement, include main working capital items as well as deferred revenues and employee benefits paid among others

Main Working Capital Items

| TRYm | 2018 | H1 2018 | H1 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Trade \& Other |  |  |  |
| Receivables | 188.1 | 151.7 | 218.2 |
| \% LTM Sales | 8.0\% | 7.5\% | 8.3\% |
| Inventories | 457.2 | 393.9 | 515.0 |
| \% LTM COGS | 39.9\% | 40.5\% | $39.1 \%$ |
| Trade \& Other Payables | 516.5 | 458.9 | 581.0 |
| \% LTM COGS | 45.1\% | 47.2\% | 44.1\% |
| Main NWC | 128.8 | 86.6 | 152.1 |
| \% LTM Sales | 5.5\% | 4.3\% | 5.8\% |

- Increased focus on efficient inventory management
- Leading brand for on-time, fresh inventory


## Capex and Leverage Ratios



## FY 2019 Guidance Unchanged



- Consolidated Revenue Growth : $25 \%$
- Turkey Retail Stores : Net 15 store openings and 10 sqm expansions
- Turkey Retail LFL Growth : 18\%
- EBITDA margin 14.5\%
- Net Debt / EBITDA below 1x
- Capex $4 \%$ of Revenue


## mavi

investorrelations@mavi.com

## Financial Statements

## Income Statement (2019 figures inc. IFRS 16)

| TRYm | Q2 2018 | Q2 2019 | Change (\%) | H1 2018 | H1 2019 | Change (\%) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue | 526.6 | 691.8 | $31.4 \%$ | 1.062 .5 | $1,340.1$ | $26.1 \%$ |
| Cost of Sales | $(237.0)$ | $(337.4)$ | $42.4 \%$ | $(505.5)$ | $(678.8)$ | $34.3 \%$ |
| Gross Profit | 289.6 | 354.4 | $22.4 \%$ | 557.0 | 661.3 |  |
| Gross Margin | $55.0 \%$ | $51.2 \%$ |  | $18.7 \%$ |  |  |
| Administrative Expenses | $(34.3)$ | $(42.6)$ | $24.3 \%$ | $52.4 \%$ | $49.3 \%$ |  |
| Selling and Marketing Expenses | $(183.7)$ | $(212.3)$ | $15.5 \%$ | $(64.1)$ | $(79.3)$ | $23.7 \%$ |
| R\&D Expenses | $(6.9)$ | $(6.3)$ | $(9.1 \%)$ | $(358.5)$ | $(410.1)$ | $14.4 \%$ |
| Other Income / (Expenses), net | 6.0 | $(4.5)$ | $(13.5)$ | $(11.4)$ | $(15.1 \%)$ |  |
| Operating Profit | 70.8 | 88.7 | $25.4 \%$ | 1.6 | $(0.0)$ |  |
| Profit/(Loss) from Investment Activities | $(0.5)$ | 0.0 | $(104.6 \%)$ | 122.4 | 160.5 | $31.1 \%$ |
| Operating Profit before Financial Income | 70.2 | 88.8 | $26.4 \%$ | $(0.6)$ | $(0.2)$ | $(69.0 \%)$ |
| Operating Margin | $13.3 \%$ | $12.8 \%$ |  | 121.9 | 160.3 |  |
| Financial Expenses, Net | $(35.0)$ | $(60.1)$ | $71.7 \%$ | $11.5 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ |  |
| Profit Before Tax | 35.2 | 28.6 | $(18.7 \%)$ | $(54.0)$ | $(119.5)$ | $121.3 \%$ |
| Income Tax Expense | $(7.5)$ | $(7.1)$ | $(5.0 \%)$ | 67.9 | 40.8 | $(39.8 \%)$ |
| Profit | 27.7 | 21.5 | $(22.4 \%)$ | $(15.1)$ | $(9.2)$ | $(38.7 \%)$ |
| Profit Margin | $5.3 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ |  | 52.8 | 31.6 | $(40.1 \%)$ |
| EBITDA | 83.4 | 164.3 | $97.0 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ |  |
| EBITDA Margin | $15.8 \%$ | $23.8 \%$ |  | 155.8 | 296.9 | $90.6 \%$ |

## Financial Statements

## Balance Sheet (2019 figures inc. IFRS 16)

|  | TRYm | 31 January 2018 | 31 July 2019 | Change (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Assets |  |  |  |
|  | Current Assets |  |  |  |
|  | Cash and Cash Equiv alents | 266.6 | 399.0 | 49.7\% |
|  | Trade Receivables | 168.6 | 203.0 | 20.4\% |
|  | Inventories | 457.2 | 515.0 | 12.6\% |
|  | Other Current Assets | 92.9 | 83.0 | (10.7\%) |
|  | Total Current Assets | 985.3 | 1,200.0 | 21.8\% |
|  | Non-Current Assets |  |  |  |
|  | Property and Equipment | 159.7 | 175.0 | 9.5\% |
|  | Right of Use Assets | - | 420.7 | n.m. |
|  | Intangible Assets | 194.5 | 207.0 | 6.5\% |
|  | Other Non-Current Assets | 4.4 | 5.5 | 23.8\% |
|  | Total Non-Current Assets | 358.6 | 808.2 | 125.4\% |
|  | Total Assets | 1,343.9 | 2,008.1 | 49.4\% |
|  | Liabilities |  |  |  |
|  | Current Liabilities |  |  |  |
|  | Short-Term Borrowings | 284.1 | 384.3 | 35.3\% |
|  | Short-Term Contractual Lease Liabilities | - | 190.2 | n.m. |
|  | Trade Payables | 510.3 | 574.1 | 12.5\% |
|  | Other Current Liabilities | 102.6 | 104.3 | 1.7\% |
|  | Total Current Liabilities | 896.9 | 1,253.0 | 39.7\% |
|  | Non-Current Liabilities |  |  |  |
|  | Long-Term Financial Liabilities | 92.0 | 122.4 | 33.0\% |
|  | Long-Term Contractual Lease Liabilities | - | 246.6 | n.m. |
|  | Other non-current Liabilities | 17.8 | 8.5 | (52.4\%) |
|  | Total Non-Current Liabilities | 109.8 | 377.5 | 243.8\% |
|  | Total Liabilities | 1,006.7 | 1,630.4 | 62.0\% |
| $\square$ | Equity |  |  |  |
| $0 \cap 1 /$ | Total Equity | 337.2 | 377.7 | 12.0\% |
|  | Total Equity \& Liabilities | 1,343.9 | 2,008.1 | 49.4\% |

## Financial Statements

## Cash Flow Statement (2019 figures inc. IFRS 16)

| TRYm | H1 2018 | H1 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit ${ }^{1}$ | 52.8 | 31.6 |
| D\&A Expense | 34.9 | 136.4 |
| Net Finance Expense / (Income) | 43.5 | 120.6 |
| Tax Expense | 15.1 | 9.2 |
| Other Non-Cash Items | 11.3 | 6.1 |
| Cash Flow from Operating Activities | 157.5 | 304.0 |
| $\Delta$ in Net Working Capital ${ }^{2}$ | (17.4) | (47.3) |
| Income Tax Paid | (13.8) | (0.4) |
| Net Cash from Operating Activities | 126.3 | 256.3 |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities |  |  |
| Capex | (33.6) | (52.8) |
| Other Investing Cash Flow ${ }^{3}$ | (14.1) | 3.4 |
| Net Cash Flow Used in Investing Activities | (47.7) | (49.5) |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities |  |  |
| Debt Issued / (Repaid) | (62.8) | 126.9 |
| Payment of Contractual Lease Liabilities | - | (119.1) |
| Other Financial Payments ${ }^{4}$ | (27.6) | (44.3) |
| Dividends Paid | (25.9) | - |
| Interest Paid | (15.6) | (38.6) |
| Net Cash Flows Used in Financing Activities | (131.8) | (75.2) |
| Net Cash Flow | (53.2) | 131.6 |
| Cash and Cash Equiv alents at the Beginning of the Period ${ }^{5}$ | 266.3 | 262.0 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period ${ }^{5}$ | 213.1 | 393.6 |

Pre non-controlling interest. ${ }^{2}$ Working Capital includes main working capital items and employee benefits paid as well as deferred revenues. ${ }^{3}$ Other Investing Cash Flow includes acquisition of subsidiary shares net of cash acquired and interest received. ${ }^{4}$ Other Financial Payments include proceeds from derivatives, imputed interest and financial commissions. ${ }^{5}$ Cash and Cash Equivalents in the Cash Flow Statement includes Bank Overdraft as negative cash. Excluding Bank Overdraft, net cash at the end of the period is equal to Cash and Cash Equivalents on the Balance Sheet for the same fiscal year.

## Financial Statements - IFRS 16 Impacts

IFRS 16 APPLIED AS OF FEBRUARY 1, 2019

| (TRY in millions) | H1 2019 Effect |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RENT EXPENSE | -119.1 | Decrease as all non-performance leases are capitalized and are subjected to depreciation and interest expense |
| DEPRECIATION \& AMORTIZATION | +100.3 | Increase due to depreciation of capitalized operating lease assets |
| OPERATING PROFIT | +18.8 | Higher as lease expense is replaced by depreciation and interest |
| FINANCIAL EXPENSE | +36.9 | Increase due to interest cost component of rents booked in financial expenses |
| INCOME TAX EXPENSE | -4.0 | Lower in the first years due to higher deferred tax assets rising from lower net income |
| NET INCOME | -14.0 | Lower due to higher interest expense in the first years; neutral over time |
| EBITDA | +119.1 | Higher as lease expense is replaced by depreciation and interest |
| TOTAL ASSETS | +419.1 | Increase as lease contracts are capitalised |
| total net debt | +436.8 | Increase as capitalised lease contracts assumed as financial debt |

## Global Footprint as at 31 July 2019




[^0]:    Turkey retail only, ${ }^{1} 2016$ adjusted figures(excluding July performance of all Turkey retail stores, impacted by the Coup attempt and the performance of the Beyoğlu stores). The unadjusted LFL growth, Transaction Growth and Basket Size Growth are $10.8 \%, 6.8 \%$ and $3.7 \%$ respectively for 2016. ${ }^{2 N}$ Number of transactions refers to number of issued invoices.

