VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY- 30 JUNE 2018 (TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S LIMITED REVIEW REPORT)

(ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)

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	Footnotes	Reviewed	Audited 31 December 2017
ASSETS	Toothotes	50 June 2010	
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	1.660.207	2.000.337
Trade Receivables		3.958.916	3.662.822
Trade Receivables Due from Related Parties	8	57.542	39.173
Trade Receivables Due from Unrelated Parties	9	3.901.374	3.623.649
Other Receivables		356.640	261.521
Other Receivables Due from Unrelated Parties	10	356.640	261.521
Derivative Financial Assets		161.621	13.489
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Trading	28	48.025	11.237
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging	28	113.596	2.252
Inventories	11	3.182.514	2.944.179
Prepayments		91.834	60.769
Prepayments to Unrelated Parties	12	91.834	60.769
Current Tax Assets		10.539	8.739
Other Current Assets		29.053	28.394
Other Current Assets Due from			
Unrelated Parties	19	29.053	28.394
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		9.451.324	8.980.250

	Footnotes	Reviewed 30 June 2018	Audited 31 December 2017
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial Investments		52.478	51.831
Financial Assets Available-for-Sale	6	52.478	51.831
Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures			
and associates	13	1.153.025	-
Trade Receivables		33.667	68.540
Trade Receivables Due from Unrelated Parties	9	33.667	68.540
Other Receivables		1.870.434	1.449.788
Other Receivables Due from Related Parties	8	1.869.218	1.448.685
Other Receivables Due from Unrelated Parties	10	1.216	1.103
Property, Plant and Equipments		2.634.558	2.366.014
Land and Premises	14	474.241	470.475
Land Improvements	14	87.273	88.118
Buildings	14	1.029.912	965.443
Machinery and Equipments	14	769.385	639.173
Vehicles	14	3.427	4.016
Fixtures and Fittings	14	89.195	84.418
Leasehold Improvements	14	28.600	26.874
Construction in Progress	14	152.525	87.497
Intangible Assets and Goodwill		710.994	666.433
Goodwill		197.793	197.793
Other Rights	15	20.086	20.274
Capitalized Development Costs	15	415.819	386.224
Other Intangible Assets	15	77.296	62.142
Prepayments		59.722	81.436
Prepayments to Unrelated Parties	12	59.722	81.436
Deferred Tax Asset	26	126.787	174.309
Other Non-current Assets		5.922	7.060
Other Non-Current Assets Due from			
Unrelated Parties	19	5.922	7.060
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		6.647.587	4.865.411
TOTAL ASSETS		16.098.911	13.845.661

		Reviewed	Audited
	Footnotes	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current Borrowings		3.544.503	1.341.892
Current Borrowings from Unrelated Parties		3.544.503	1.341.892
Bank Loans	7	3.543.549	1.341.413
Leasing Debts	7	954	479
Current Portion of Non-current Borrowings		1.618.541	2.142.397
Current Portion of Non-current Borrowings			
from Unrelated Parties		1.618.541	2.142.397
Bank Loans	7	1.618.541	2.142.397
Trade Payables		6.583.114	5.751.347
Trade Payables to Related Parties	8	19.076	7.239
Trade Payables to Unrelated Parties	9	6.564.038	5.744.108
Employee Benefit Obligations	18	102.353	107.735
Other Payables		49.244	10.095
Other Payables to Related Parties	8	44.812	9.295
Other Payables to Unrelated Parties		4.432	800
Derivative Financial Liabilities		187.879	163.545
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Trading	28	169.581	90.931
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging	28	18.298	72.614
Current Tax Liabilities	26	7.302	9.023
Current Provisions		474.861	403.308
Other Current Provisions	16	474.861	403.308
Other Current Liabilities		256.337	295.477
Other Current Liabilities to Unrelated Parties	19	256.337	295.477
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		12.824.134	10.224.819

		Reviewed	Audited
	Footnotes	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long Term Borrowings		529.713	1.024.003
Long Term Borrowings from Unrelated Parties		529.713	1.024.003
Bank Loans	7	522.680	1.016.557
Leasing Debts	7	7.033	7.446
Trade Payables		18.018	1.959
Trade Payables to Unrelated Parties		18.018	1.959
Non-current Provisions		186.285	180.980
Non-current Provisions for Employee Benefits	18	100.152	96.078
Other Non-current Provisions	16	86.133	84.902
Deferred Tax Liabilities	26	69.342	129.591
Other Non-current Liabilities		6.715	6.281
Other Non-current Liabilities to Unrelated Parties		6.715	6.281
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		810.073	1.342.814
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13.634.207	11.567.633

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Footnotes	Reviewed 30 June 2018	Audited 31 December 2017
EQUITY			
Equity Attributable to Owners of Parent		2.411.055	2.205.269
Issued Capital	20	335.456	335.456
Inflation Adjustments on Capital		688.315	688.315
Share Premium (Discount)		103.776	103.165
Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income (Loss) that			
will not be Reclassified in Profit or Loss		889.499	900.139
Gains (Losses) on Revaluation and Remeasurement Increases (Decreases) on Revaluation of		889.499	900.139
Property, Plant and Equipment Gains (Losses) on Remeasurements of Defined	20	908.103	917.385
Benefit Plans		(18.604)	(17.246)
Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income (Loss) that		()	()
will be Reclassified in Profit or Loss		171.087	69.373
Exchange Differences on Translation		139.863	76.183
Gains (Losses) on Hedge		26.700	(10.959)
Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges		26.700	(10.959)
Gains (Losses) on Revaluation and Reclassification		4.524	4.149
Gains (Losses) on Remeasuring			
and/or Reclassification of			
Available-for-sale Financial Assets	20	4.524	4.149
Restricted Reserves Appropriated from Profits		48.909	46.195
Legal Reserves	20	48.909	46.195
Prior Years' Profits or Losses	20	75.143	7.518
Current Period Net Profit Or Loss		98.870	55.108
Non-controlling Interests		53.649	72.759
TOTAL EQUITY		2.464.704	2.278.028
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		16.098.911	13.845.661

Consolidated condensed interim financial statements for the period 1 January - 30 June 2018, were approved by the Board of Directors of Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. on 6 August 2018.

VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2018 AND 2017

	Footnotes	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2018	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2018	1 April - 30 June 2017
PROFIT OR LOSS					
Revenue Cost of Sales	21 21	6.894.222 (5.091.891)	5.341.299 (4.241.506)	3.888.080 (2.793.026)	2.958.425 (2.336.685)
GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)		1.802.331	1.099.793	1.095.054	621.740
General Administrative Expenses Marketing Expenses Research and Development Expense Other Income from Operating Activities Other Expenses from Operating Activities	23 23 23 24 24	(162.180) (850.659) (109.961) 599.047 (1.186.991)	(139.871) (629.827) (82.856) 497.336 (399.947)	(89.525) (471.922) (60.416) 363.755 (824.746)	(77.804) (345.621) (44.204) 255.734 (129.830)
PROFIT (LOSS) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		91.587	344.628	12.200	280.015
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE FINANCING INCOME (EXPENSE)		91.587	344.628	12.200	280.015
Finance Income Finance Costs	25 25	1.283.283 (1.278.273)	568.770 (793.000)	853.159 (708.456)	162.408 (358.872)
PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS,		96.597	120.398	156.903	83.551
Tax (Expense) Income, Continuing Current Period Tax (Expense) Income Deferred Tax (Expense) Income	26 26	13.222 (9.195) 22.417	19.889 (5.326) 25.215	(21.991) (6.067) (15.924)	14.371 (4.043) 18.414
PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		109.819	140.287	134.912	97.922
PROFIT (LOSS)		109.819	140.287	134.912	97.922
Profit (loss), attributable to Non-controlling Interests Owners of Parent		10.949 98.870	7.995 132.292	6.147 128.765	4.004 93.918
Earnings per 100 share with a Kr 1 of Par Value (TL)	27	0,29	0,39	0,38	0,28

VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2018 AND 2017

	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2018	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2018	1 April - 30 June 2017
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Other Comprehensive Income That will not				
be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(1.338)	(590)	(134)	(99)
Gains (Losses) on Remeasurements of Defined Benefit				(122)
Plans	(1.672)	(737)	(167)	(123)
Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income	224	1 4 7	22	24
Taxes Relating to Remeasurements of Defined	334	147	33	24
Benefit Plans	334	147	33	24
Other Comprehensive Income that will be	551	117	55	2-1
Reclassified to Profit or Loss	102.501	(72.876)	68.038	(67.653)
Exchange Differences on Translation	63.680	23.825	32.830	(4.805)
Gains (Losses) on Exchange Differences on	63.680	23.825	32.830	(4.805)
Gains (Losses) on Remeasuring or Reclassification				
Adjustments on Available-for-sale Financial Assets	466	1.590	(3.200)	1.590
Gains (losses) on Remeasuring Available-for-sale				
Financial Assets	466	1.590	(3.200)	1.590
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Related with Cash				
Flow Hedges	49.292	(122.466)	48.420	(80.150)
Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	49.292	(122.466)	48.420	(80.150)
Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive				
Income that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(10.937)	24.175	(10.012)	15.712
Taxes Relating to Gains (Losses) on Remeasuring or	(10.937)	24.175	(10.012)	13.712
Reclassification Adjustments on Available-for-sale				
Financial Assets	(93)	(318)	640	(318)
Taxes Relating to Cash Flow Hedges	(10.844)	24.493	(10.652)	16.030
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	101.163	(73.466)	67.904	(67.752)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	210.982	66.821	202.816	30.170
		-		
Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to Non-controlling Interests	11.713	6.219	7 407	2 775
Owners of Parent	11.713	60.602	7.497 195.319	2.775 27.395
Owners of Farent	199.209	00.002	122.212	27.393

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VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2018 AND 2017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

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							1				1				<u> </u>		1			
						Ī						1								
				Increases			Other				Gains (Losses) on	Gains	Other							
				(Decreases)		Gains	Accumulated				Remeasuring	(Losses)	Accumulated							
				on		(Losses)	Comprehensive				and/or	on	-	Restricted						
		Inflation	Share Premiums	Revaluation of Property,	Gains (Losses) on Remeasurements	Revaluations and	Income That Will Not Be	Exchange Differences		Reserve Of Gains	Reclassification of Available-for		Income That Will Be		Prior Voors'			Equity attributable	Non	
	Issued		or	Plant and	of Defined Benefit		Reclassified In	on	Cash Flow	or Losses	sale Financial		-	Appropria ted From	Profits or	Net Profit	Retained	to owners of	controlling	
	Capital	on Capital	Discounts	Equipment	Plans	nts	Profit Or Loss	Translation	Hedges	on Hedge	Assets	ication	Profit Or Loss	Profits	Losses	or Loss	Earnings	parent	interests	Equity
Previous Period																				
1 January -30 June 2017		(00.04 .	400.468	-	(0.700)			10.000	10.101	10.101			F O (00	11 000	(1 (0 0 1 0)		(201)		F O 000	1 000 107
Equity at Beginning of Period Transfers	335.456	688.315	103.165	561.662	(9.798)	551.864	551.864	10.038	48.184	48.184	1.476	1.476	59.698	41.029 5.166	(168.010) 162.553	167.719 (167.719)	. ,	1.779.236	59.889	1.839.125
Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.100	102.555	(107.717)	(3.100)	-	-	-
(Loss)	-		-	(6.243)		(6.826)	(6.826)		(96.204)	(96.204)	1.272	1.272	(71.107)	-	6.243	132.292	138.535	60.602	6.219	66.821
Profit (Loss)	-	-	-	(6.243)	-	(6.243)	(6.243)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.243	132.292	138.535	132.292	7.995	140.287
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)																				
Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	(583)	(583)	(583)	23.825	(96.204)	(96.204)	1.272	1.272	(71.107)	-		-	-	(71.690)	(1.776) (9.461)	(73.466) (9.461)
Equity at End of Period	335.456	688.315	103.165	555.419	(10.381)	545.038	545.038	33.863	(48.020)	(48.020)	2.748	2.748	(11.409)	46.195	786	132.292	133.078	1.839.838	56.647	1.896.485
-4									()				(,							
Current Period																				
1 January -30 June 2018																				
Equity at Beginning of Period	335.456	688.315	103.165	917.385	(17.246)	900.139	900.139	76.183	(10.959)	(10.959)	4.149	4.149	69.373	46.195	7.518	55.108	62.626	2.205.269	72.759	2.278.028
Transfers Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	(1.526)	-	(1.526)	(1.526)	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.714	53.920	(55.108)	(1.188)	-	-	-
(Loss)	-	-	-	(9.519)	(1.322)	(10.841)	(10.841)	63.680	37.666	37.666	375	375	101.721	-	9.519	98.870	108.389	199.269	11.713	210.982
Profit (Loss)	-		-	(9.519)	-	(9.519)	(9.519)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.519	98.870	108.389	98.870	10.949	109.819
Other Comprehensive																				
Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-	(1.322)	(1.322)	(1.322)	63.680	37.666	37.666	375	375	101.721	-	-	-	-	100.399	764	101.163
Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12.909)	(12.909)
Transactions with noncontrolling	-	-	611	1.763	(36)	1.727	1.727	-	(7)	(7)		-	(7)	-	4.186	-	4.186	6.517	(17.914)	(11.397)
Equity at End of Period	335.456	688.315	103.776	908.103	(18.604)	889.499	889.499	139.863	26.700	26.700	4.524	4.524	171.087	48.909	75.143	98.870	174.013	2.411.055	53.649	2.464.704

VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2018 AND 2017

	Footnotes	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2018	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2017
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		847.219	276.718
Profit (Loss)		109.819	140.287
Profit (Loss) from Continuing Operations		109.819	140.287
Adjustments to Reconcile Profit (Loss)		587.919	264.460
Adjustments for Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	14	217.748	177.442
Adjustments for Impairment Loss (Reversal of			
Impairment Loss)		21.981	7.649
Adjustments for Impairement Loss (Reversal of Impairment			
Loss) of Receivables	9	4.046	3.422
Adjustments for Impairment Loss (Reversal of Impairment			
Loss) of Inventories	11	17.935	4.227
Adjustments for Provisions		84.904	38.305
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Provisions Related with			
Employee Benefits	18	12.120	11.412
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Lawsuit and/or Penalty			
Provisions	16	5.907	(1.772)
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Warranty Provisions	16	44.685	26.548
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Other Provisions	16	22.192	2.117
Adjustments for Interest (Income) Expenses		91.153	88.796
Adjustments for Interest Income	25	(185.888)	(97.958)
Adjustments for Interest Expense	25	277.041	186.754
Adjustments for Unrealised Foreign Exchange			
Losses (Gains)		268.935	43.020
Adjustments for Fair Value Losses (Gains)		(74.506)	(121.015)
Adjustments for Fair Value (Gains) Losses on Derivative			Č ,
Financial Instruments		(74.506)	(121.015)
Adjustments for Tax (Income) Expenses		(13.222)	(19.889)
Adjustments for Losses (Gains) on Disposal of Non-Current			
Assets		(4.390)	(1.233)
Adjustments for Losses (Gains) Arised from Sale of Tangible			
Assets		(4.390)	(1.233)
Other Adjustments to Reconcile Profit (Loss)	5	(4.684)	51.385

VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2018 AND 2017

	Footnotes	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2018	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2017
Changes in Working Capital		176.312	(107.212)
Decrease (Increase) in Financial Investments	6	(647)	(14.252)
Adjustments for Decrease (Increase) in Trade Accounts			
Receivable		(265.267)	(494.468)
Decrease (Increase) in Trade Accounts Receivables from			
Related Parties		(18.369)	7.161
Decrease (Increase) in Trade Accounts Receivables from			
Unrelated Parties		(246.898)	(501.629)
Adjustments for Decrease (Increase) in Other Receivables Related			
with Operations		(95.232)	(49.108)
Decrease (Increase) in Other Unrelated Party Receivables			
Related with Operations		(95.232)	(49.108)
Adjustments for Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		(259.240)	(768.489)
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		(9.351)	(26.718)
Adjustments for Increase (Decrease) in Trade			
Accounts Payable		847.826	1.193.030
Increase (Decrease) in Trade Accounts Payables to			
Related Parties		11.837	(1.663)
Increase (Decrease) in Trade Accounts Payables to Unrelated			
Parties		835.989	1.194.693
Increase (Decrease) in Employee Benefit Liabilities		(5.382)	5.619
Adjustments for Increase (Decrease) in Other			
Operating Payables		3.632	4.954
Increase (Decrease) in Other Operating Payables to Unrelated			
Parties		3.632	4.954
Other Adjustments for Other Increase (Decrease) in			
Working Capital		(40.027)	42.220
Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets Related			
with Operations		(1.321)	17.706
Increase (Decrease) in Other Payables Related			
with Operations		(38.706)	24.514
Cash Flows from (used in) Operations		874.050	297.535
Payments Related with Provisions for Employee Benefits	18	(9.718)	(9.133)
Income Taxes Refund (Paid)	26	(17.113)	(11.684)

VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2018 AND 2017

	Footnotes	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2018	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2017
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(2.078.968)	(475.900)
Cash Outflows from Purchase of Additional			
Shares of Subsidiaries		(11.397)	-
Cash Outflows Arising from Purchase of Shares or Capital			
Increase of Associates and/or Joint Ventures	13	(1.153.025)	-
Proceeds from Sales of Property, Plant, Equipment and			
Intangible Assets		6.321	2.038
Proceeds from Sales of Property, Plant and Equipment		6.321	2.038
Purchase of Property, Plant, Equipment and			
Intangible Assets		(500.334)	(260.865)
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	14	(404.417)	(184.665)
Purchase of Intangible Assets	15	(95.917)	(76.200)
Cash Advances and Loans Made to Other Parties		(420.533)	(217.073)
Cash Advances and Loans Made to Related Parties	8	(420.533)	(217.073)
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		846.985	421.874
Proceeds from Borrowings		4.330.641	1.219.022
Proceeds from Loans		4.330.641	1.219.022
Repayments of Borrowings		(3.380.863)	(752.000)
Loan Repayments		(3.380.925)	(732.294)
Cash Outflows from Other Financial Liabilities		62	(19.706)
Increase in Other Payables to Related Parties		35.517	697
Dividends Paid		(12.909)	(9.461)
Interest Paid		(311.289)	(134.342)
Interest Received		185.888	97.958
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
BEFORE EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES		(384.764)	222.692
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and			
Cash Equivalents		39.950	17.237
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS		(344.814)	239.929
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE			
PERIOD	5	1.991.848	1.210.714
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD		1.647.034	1.450.643

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - GROUP'S ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("Vestel Elektronik" or "the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group"), mainly produce and sell a range of brown goods and white goods. The Company's head office is located at Levent 199, Büyükdere Caddesi No: 199, 34394 Şişli / Istanbul. The Group's production facilities are located in Manisa Organized Industrial Zone, İzmir Aegean Free Zone, Poland and Russia.

The ultimate controller of the Company is Zorlu Family.

Vestel Elektronik is registered to Capital Market Board ("CMB") and its shares have been quoted to Borsa Istanbul ("BİST") since 1990. As of 30 June 2017, 35,59 % of the Company's shares are publicly traded (2017: 35,59%).

Noturo of

As of 30 June 2018 the number of personnel employed at Group is 15.978 (31 December 2017: 15.856).

The Company's subsidiaries and associates are as follows:

	Nature of
Country	operations
Turkey	Production
Turkey	Sales
Turkey	Sales
Russia	Sales
Spain	Sales
France	Sales
Holland	Sales
Germany	Sales
UK	Software
Holland	Sales
UK	Sales
Turkey	Software
Russia	Sales
Finland	Sales
Russia	Service
Kazakhstan	Sales
Turkey	Service
Poland	Sales
Poland	Production/Sales
UAE	Sales
	Turkey Turkey Turkey Russia Spain France Holland Germany UK Holland UK Turkey Russia Finland Russia Kazakhstan Turkey Poland Poland

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - GROUP'S ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Cont'd)

Investments accounted for using equity method (Associates)	Country	Nature of operations
Vestel Savunma Sanayi A.Ş. Aydın Yazılım Elektronik ve Sanayi A.Ş. Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş (note 13) Türkiye'nin Otomobili Girişim Grubu Sanayi ve	Turkey Turkey Turkey	Production/ Sales Software Mining
Ticaret A.Ş (note 13)	Turkey	Automotive

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Basis of presentation

2.1.1 Statement of compliance

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1, "Principals of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" published in the Official Gazette numbered 28676 on 13 June 2013. According to the article 5 of the Communiqué, consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards / Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TAS" / "IFRS") and its addendum and interpretations ("IFRIC") issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POAASA") Turkish Accounting Standards Board.

The Group prepared its condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2018 in accordance with ("TAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" in the framework of the Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1, and its related announcement. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements and its accompanying notes are presented in compliance with the format recommended by CMB including its mandatory information.

The Group's condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosure and notes that should be included at year-end financial statements. Therefore the condensed interim financial statements should be examined together with the year-end financial statements.

The Group and its subsidiaries operating in Turkey maintains its accounting records and prepares its statutory financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), tax legislation and the uniform chart of accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance. The consolidated financial statements, except for land, buildings and land improvements and the financial assets and liabilities presented with their fair values, are maintained under historical cost conversion in TL.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Consolidated subsidiaries operating in foreign countries have prepared their financial statements in accordance with the laws and regulations of the countries in which they operate with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards. These financial statements are based on the statutory records which are maintained under historical cost conversion, with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the TAS/IFRS.

With the decision taken on 17 March 2005, the CMB announced that, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for the companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards. Accordingly, TAS 29, "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" issued by the IASB, has not been applied in the financial statements for the accounting year commencing from 1 January 2005.

2.1.2 Currency used

i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are prepared and presented in Turkish Lira ("TL"), which is the functional currency of the parent company.

ii) <u>Transactions and balances</u>

Transactions in foreign currencies have been translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Exchange gains or losses arising from the settlement and translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates are included in consolidated comprehensive income, except for the effective portion of foreign currency hedge of cash flow and net investment which are included under shareholders' equity.

iii) <u>Translation of financial statements of subsidiaries operating in foreign countries</u>

Assets and liabilities of subsidiaries operating in foreign countries are translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Comprehensive income items of those subsidiaries are translated into TL using average exchange rates for the period (if the average exchange rates for the period do not reasonably reflect the exchange rate fluctuations, transactions are translated using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction). Exchange differences arising from using average and balance sheet date rates are included in "currency translation differences" under the shareholders' equity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

The balance sheet date rates and average rates used for translation of income statement items for the related periods are as follows:

Period End:	<u>30 June 2018</u>	<u>31 December 2017</u>
Turkish Lira/EUR Turkish Lira/GBP Turkish Lira/RUB Turkish Lira/PLN	0,1884 0,1672 13,833 0,8216	0,2215 0,1968 15,3681 0,9227
Average:	1 January - <u>30 June 2018</u>	1 January - <u>30 June 2017</u>
Turkish Lira/EUR		0,2544

2.1.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent, Company, and its subsidiaries from the date on which the control is transferred to the Group until the date that the control ceases. The financial statements of the companies included in the scope of consolidation have been prepared as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards by applying uniform accounting policies and presentation.

a) Subsidiaries

The Group has power over an entity when it has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. the activities that significantly affect the entity's returns. On the other hand, the Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

In order to be consistent with accounting policies accepted by the Group, accounting policies of the subsidiaries are modified where necessary.

The balance sheet and statement of income of the subsidiaries are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and all material intercompany payable /receivable balances and sales / purchase transactions are eliminated. The carrying value of the investment held by Vestel Elektronik and its subsidiaries is eliminated against the related shareholders' equity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

The non-controlling share in the net assets and results of subsidiaries for the period are separately classified as "non-controlling interest" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and the consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity.

As of the balance sheet date, consolidated companies and the proportion of ownership interest of Vestel Elektronik in these subsidiaries are disclosed in note 3.

Financial assets in which the Group has direct or indirect voting rights equal to or above 50% which are immaterial to the Group financial results or over which a significant influence is not exercised by the Group are carried at cost less any provisions for impairment.

b) Investments in associates

Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method and are initially recognized at cost. These are entities in which the Group has an interest which is more than 20% and less than 50% of the voting rights or over which a significant influence is exercised. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates, whereas unrealized losses are eliminated unless they do not address any impairment of the asset transferred. Net increase or decrease in the net asset of associates is included in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income in regards with the Group's share.

The Group ceases to account the associate using the equity method if it loses the significant influence or the net investment in the associate becomes nil, unless it has entered to a liability or a commitment. After the Group's interest in the associates becomes nil, additional losses are provided for, and a liability recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes including its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of net losses not recognized.

Since Vestel Savunma and Aydın Yazılım has net liability position as of 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017, carrying value of those investment in associates accounted for by equity method is resulted as nil in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Group's voting rights and effective ownership rates in Vestel Savunma and Aydın Yazılım are 35% and 21% respectively (31 December 2017: 35%, 21%).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

As on 29 June 2018, in order to secure the supply of nickel sulphate and cobalt sulphate compounds, which are critical raw materials for the production of EV batteries, the Group has purchased 50% shares of Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş., which is a subsidiary of Zorlu Holding A.Ş. and is involved in nickel-cobalt mining (note 13).

Within the framework of Turkey's Automobile Project, following the work undertaken by the Joint Initiative Group, to which Company's controlling shareholder, Zorlu Holding A.Ş. was a party, Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. decided has participated with a 19% share in "Türkiye'nin Otomobili Girişim Grubu Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.", which is planned to be established to produce mainly electric passenger cars and carry out supporting activities.

2.2 Comparatives

Consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared comparatively with the preceding financial period, in order to enable determination of trends in financial position and performance. Comparative figures are reclassified, where necessary, to conform to changes in presentation in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group has made adjustment in tangible assets of consolidated financial statements year ended 31 December 2017 related to classification of revaluation amounts, the amounts of 94.346 thousand TL and 4.713 thousand TL which have been shown in "Buildings" and "Land Improvements" respectively, have been reclassified to the "Land and Premises".

Transition to IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers":

The Group has applied IFRS 15 " Revenue from contracts with customers", which has replaced TMS 18, by using the cumulative effect method on the transition date. In accordance with this method, The Group has not needed to restate the prior years' financial statements. Therefore, prior year financial statements are not restated and these financial statements are presented in accordance with TMS 18. Cumulative effect of the first time adoption has not made any material changes that has to be recognized in retained earnings as of 1 January 2018.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Transition to IFRS 9 "Financial instruments":

The Group has applied IFRS 9 "Financial instruments" standard with the amendments including the classification, measurement, and the expected credit risk model as of 1 January 2018. The Group has accounted the effect of transition based on the simplified approach, therefore, prior year financial statements are not restated and these financial statements are presented in accordance with TMS 39. Cumulative effect of the first time adoption has not made any material changes that has to be recognized in retained earnings as of 1 January 2018.

Changes regarding the classification of financial assets and liabilities in terms of IFRS 9 are summarised below.Related changes in classification do not result in changes in measurement of the financial assets and liabilities.

Financial Assets	Prior classification under TAS 39	New classification under IFRS 9
Cash and cash euqivalents	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost
Trade receivables	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost
Derivative instruments	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through profit or loss
Other receivables	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost
Financial Liabilities	Prior classification under TAS 39	New classification under IFRS 9
Financial Liabilities Borrowings		New classification under IFRS 9 Amortised cost
	TAS 39	
Borrowings	TAS 39 Amortised cost	Amortised cost

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.3 Restatement and errors in the accounting estimates

Major changes in accounting policies are applied retrospectively and any major accounting errors that have been detected are corrected and the financial statements of the previous period are restated. Changes in accounting policies resulting from the initial implementation of a new standard, if any, are implemented retrospectively or prospectively in accordance with the transition provisions. If the changes in accounting estimates only apply to one period, then they are applied in the current period in which the change occurred; if the changes also apply to future periods, they are applied in both the period of change and in the future periods, prospectively.

The Group has revised its accounting policies related to revenue and financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 15 and IFRS 9. Revisions applied do not have material impact on measurement and classification of Group's financial statements.

2.4 Amendments in International Financial Reporting Standards

- a) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued and effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2018:
 - Amendment to IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers', effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. These amendments comprise clarifications of the guidance on identifying performance obligations, accounting for licences of intellectual property and the principal versus agent assessment (gross versus net revenue presentation). New and amended illustrative examples have been added for each of those areas of guidance. The IASB has also included additional practical expedients related to transition to the new revenue standard.
 - **IFRS 9 'Financial instruments',** effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. This standard replaces the guidance in IAS 39. It includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the current incurred loss impairment model.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- Amendments to IFRS 2, 'Share based payments' on clarifying how to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. This amendment clarifies the measurement basis for cash-settled, share-based payments and the accounting for modifications that change an award from cash-settled to equity-settled. It also introduces an exception to the principles in IFRS 2 that will require an award to be treated as if it was wholly equity-settled, where an employer is obliged to withhold an amount for the employee's tax obligation associated with a share-based payment and pay that amount to the tax authority.
- **Annual improvements 2014-2016;** effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. These amendments impact 2 standards:
 - IFRS 1, 'First time adoption of IFRS', regarding the deletion of short-term exemptions for first-time adopters regarding IFRS 7, IAS 19 and IFRS 10,
 - IAS 28, 'Investments in associates and joint venture' regarding measuring an associate or joint venture at fair value
- **IFRIC 22, 'Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration',** effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. This IFRIC addresses foreign currency transactions or parts of transactions where there is consideration that is denominated or priced in a foreign currency. The interpretation provides guidance for when a single payment/receipt is made as well as for situations where multiple payments/receipts are made. The guidance aims to reduce diversity in practice.

b) Standards, amendments and interpretations that are issued but not effective as at 30 June 2018

• Amendment to IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. This amendment confirm that when a financial liability measured at amortized cost is modified without this resulting in de-recognition, a gain or loss should be recognized immediately in profit or loss. The gain or loss is calculated as the difference between the original contractual cash flows and the modified cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. This means that the difference cannot be spread over the remaining life of the instrument which may be a change in practice from IAS 39.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- Amendment to IAS 28, 'Investments in associates and joint venture'; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. These amendments clarify that companies account for long-term interests in associate or joint venture to which the equity method is not applied using IFRS 9
- **IFRS 16 'Leases'**, effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 with earlier application permitted if IFRS 15, 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers', is also applied. This standard replaces the current guidance in IAS 17 and is a far-reaching change in accounting by lessees in particular. Under IAS 17, lessees were required to make a distinction between a finance lease (on balance sheet) and an operating lease (off balance sheet). IFRS 16 now requires lessees to recognize a lease liability reflecting future lease payments and a 'right-of-use asset' for virtually all lease contracts. The IASB has included an optional exemption for certain short-term leases and leases of low-value assets; however, this exemption can only be applied by lessees. For lessors, the accounting stays almost the same. However, as the IASB has updated the guidance on the definition of a lease (as well as the guidance on the combination and separation of contracts), lessors will also be affected by the new standard. At the very least, the new accounting model for lessees is expected to impact negotiations between lessors and lessees. Under IFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.
- **IFRIC 23, 'Uncertainty over income tax treatments',** effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. This IFRIC clarifies how the recognition and measurement requirements of IAS 12 'Income taxes', are applied where there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The IFRS IC had clarified previously that IAS 12, not IAS 37 'Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets', applies to accounting for uncertain income tax treatments. IFRIC 23 explains how to recognize and measure deferred and current income tax assets and liabilities where there is uncertainty over a tax treatment. An uncertain tax treatment is any tax treatment applied by an entity where there is uncertainty over whether that treatment will be accepted by the tax authority. For example, a decision to claim a deduction for a specific expense or not to include a specific item of income in a tax return is an uncertain tax treatment if its acceptability is uncertain under tax law. IFRIC 23 applies to all aspects of income tax accounting where there is an uncertainty regarding the treatment of an item, including taxable profit or loss, the tax bases of assets and liabilities, tax losses and credits and tax rates.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- **Annual improvements 2015-2017;** effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. These amendments include minor changes to:
 - IFRS 3, 'Business combinations', a company remeasures its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains control of the business.
 - IFRS 11, 'Joint arrangements', a company does not remeasure its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains joint control of the business.
 - IAS 12, 'Income taxes' a company accounts for all income tax consequences of dividend payments in the same way.
 - IAS 23, 'Borrowing costs' a company treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop an asset when the asset is ready for its intended use or sale.
- Amendments to IAS 19, 'Employee benefits' on plan amendment, curtailment or settlement'; effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. These amendments require an entity to:
 - use updated assumptions to determine current service cost and net interest for the reminder of the period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement; and
 - recognize in profit or loss as part of past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, any reduction in a surplus, even if that surplus was not previously recognized because of the impact of the asset ceiling.
- c) Other new standards, amendments and interpretations issued and effective as of 1 January 2018 have not been presented since they are not relevant to the operations of the Group or have insignificant impact on the financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.5 Summary of significant accounting policies

2.5.1 Revenue recognition

The group recognizes revenue when the goods or services is transferred to the customer and when performance obligation is fulfilled. Goods is counted to be transferred when the control belongs to the customer.

Group recognizes revenue based on the following main principles:

- Identification of customer contracts
- Identification of performance obligations
- Determination of transaction price in the contract
- Allocation of price to performance obligations
- Recognition of revenue when the performance obligations are fulfilled.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) The parties to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally or in accordance with other customary business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations,
- b) Group can identify each party's rights regarding the goods or services to be transferred,
- c) Group can identify the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred,
- d) The contract has commercial substance,
- e) It is probable that Group will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer. In evaluating whether collectability of an amount of consideration is probable, an entity shall consider only the customer's ability and intention to pay that amount of consideration when it is due.

2.5.2 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, are assigned to inventories held by the method most appropriate to the particular class of inventory. Group uses moving weighted average method for costing.

Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make a sale. When the net realizable value of inventory is less than cost, the inventory is written down to the net realizable value and the expense is included in statement of income in the period the write-down or loss occurred.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

When the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of changed economic circumstances, the amount of the write-down is reversed. The reversal amount is limited to the amount of the original write-down.

2.5.3 Property, plant and equipment

Land, land improvements and buildings are stated at fair value, based on valuations performed at 31 December 2017 by professional independent valuer Çelen Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş.

Property, plant and equipment except for land, land improvements and buildings acquired before 1 January 2005 are carried at cost in the equivalent purchasing power of TL as at 31 December 2004 and items acquired after 1 January 2005 are carried at cost, less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such land, land improvements and buildings is credited in equity to the revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognized in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such land, land improvements and buildings is charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the properties revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. Depreciation on revalued land improvements and buildings is charged to profit or loss.

Each period, the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset (the depreciation charged to the statements of comprehensive income) and the depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from revaluation reserves to the retained earnings.

Land is not depreciated. Plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets, other than land and properties under construction, over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Gains or losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amounts and are included in the related income and expense accounts, as appropriate. On the disposal of revalued assets, amounts in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to the retained earnings.

Subsequent costs such as repairs and maintenance or part replacement of plant and equipment are included in the asset's carrying value or recognized as separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company. All other costs are charged to the statements of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

2.5.4 Intangible assets

a) Research and development costs

Research costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they are incurred. Intangible assets arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) are recognized as intangible assets when the following criteria are met;

- It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use;
- Management intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- There is an ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- It can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- Adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available; and
- The expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

In other cases, development costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs previously recognized as an expense are not recognized as an asset in a subsequent period. In cases where it is difficult to separate the research phase from the development phase in a project, the entire project is treated as research and expensed immediately.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

b) Rights and other intangible assets

Rights and other intangible assets consist of acquired computer software, computer software development costs and other identifiable rights. Rights and other intangible assets are recognized at their acquisition costs and are amortized on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives which are less than fifteen years.

c) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisition is the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities recognized. Within the scope of IFRS 3 "Business Combinations", beginning from 1 January 2005 the Group has stopped amortizing goodwill. Goodwill recognized on acquisitions before 31 December 2004 was being amortized until 31 December 2004 on a straight line basis over their useful lives not to exceed twenty years.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is an indication of impairment. Goodwill arising on acquisitions measured at cost less any impairment losses.

Impairment losses calculated on goodwill cannot be reversed in the statement of income even if the impairment ceases to exist in the following periods. Goodwill is linked to cash generating units during the impairment test.

In case the consideration transferred in a business combination includes any contingent considerations, the Group recognizes the acquisition date fair value of the contingent consideration as part of the consideration transferred. During the measurement period, contingent considerations recognized at the acquisition date fair value are retrospectively adjusted when necessary. The measurement period is the period after the acquisition date during which the acquirer may adjust the provisional amounts recognized for a business combination. This period shall not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the acquirer shall report in its financial statements provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. The provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period or additional assets or liabilities are recognized to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have resulted in the recognition of those assets and liabilities as of that date.

2.5.5 Financial instruments

a) Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets into the following specified categories: financial assets as at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Financial assets carried at amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, whose payments are fixed or predetermined, which are not actively traded and which are not derivative instruments are measured at amortized cost.

The Group's financial assets carried at amortized cost comprise "trade receivables" and "cash and cash equivalents" in the statement of financial position.

Group has applied simplified approach and used impairment matrix for the calculation of impairment on its receivables carried at amortized cost, since they do not comprise of any significant finance component. In accordance with this method, if any provision to the trade receivables as a result of a specific event, Group measures expected credit loss from these receivables by the life-time expected credit loss. The calculation of expected loss is performed based on the past experience of the Group and its expectations for the future indications.

Financial assets carried at fair value

Assets that are held by the Group for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets are measured at their far value.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of the financial and contractual assets measured by using "Expected credit loss model". The impairment model applies for amortized financial and contractual assets.

Group has preferred to apply "simplified approach" defined in IFRS 9 for the recognition of impairment losses on trade receivables, carried at amortised cost and that do not comprise of any significant finance component (those with maturity less than 12 months). In accordance with the simplified approach, Group measures the loss allowances regarding its trade receivables at an amount equal to "lifetime expected credit losses" except incurred credit losses in which trade receivables are already impaired for a specific reason.

b) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value. Transaction costs which are directly related to the financial liability are added to the fair value.

c) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting:

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Fair values of derivatives are carried as assets when positive and as liabilities when negative. The method of recognizing the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so the nature of the item being hedged.

The Group documents at the inception of the transaction the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking various hedging transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values of hedged items.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Derivative financial instruments held for trading

Group's held for trading derivative financial instruments consist of forward foreign currency purchase and sale contracts. Such derivative financial instruments providing effective protection against the risk for the Group economically and due to meeting the conditions for hedge accounting usually, they are accounted as derivative financial instruments held for trading in financial statements. The fair value changes of these derivative instruments are recognized in consolidated income statement as financial income / expense.

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in equity within cash flow hedge reserves. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the statement of income within finance income/ expense. Amounts accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss (for example, when the forecast sale that is hedged takes place or portion related to the accrued interest). When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognized when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognized, in the statement of comprehensive income within finance income/ expense. The Group has evaluated its forward contracts and recognized certain contracts as hedging derivative instruments since they have been carrying necessary hedging conditions regarding to TAS 39.

2.5.6 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies during the period are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated to TL at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences on foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for the effective portion of the foreign currency hedge of net investments in foreign operations. Monetary items which are denominated in foreign currency and measured with historical costs are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of initial transactions.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are expressed in TL using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period. Exchange differences arising are recognized in other comprehensive income and in equity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

On the disposal of a foreign operation, all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the company are reclassified to profit or loss.

2.5.7 Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Possible assets or obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the company are not included in the consolidated financial statements and treated as contingent assets or liabilities.

2.5.8 Warranty and assembly expenses provision

Warranty expenses include repair and maintenance expenses of products sold and labor and material costs of authorized services for products under the scope of warranty terms without any charge to the customers. Based on estimations using past statistical information, warranty expense provision is recognized for the products sold with warranty terms in the period, for possible repair and maintenance expenses to be incurred during the warranty period.

Based on estimations using past statistical information, assembly expenses provision is recognized for products sold during the period but not yet installed in the sites of the end customers, against the cost of free of charge installments.

2.5.9 Related parties

Shareholders, key management personnel and board members, their close family members and companies controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by them and Zorlu Holding Group companies are considered and referred to as related parties.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.5.10 Taxation on income

Tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items directly recognized in equity. In that case, tax is recognized in shareholders' equity.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases which is used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Investment incentives that are conducive to payment of corporate taxes at reduced rates are subject to deferred tax calculation when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will benefit from the related incentive.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.5.11 Employee benefits

Employment termination benefits, as required by the Turkish Labor Law and the laws applicable in the countries where the subsidiaries operate, represent the estimated present value of the total reserve of the future probable obligation of the Group arising in case of the retirement of the employees. According to Turkish Labor Law and other laws applicable in Turkey, the Group is obliged to pay employment termination benefits to all personnel in cases of termination of employment without due cause, call for military service, be retired or death upon the completion of a minimum one year service. Employment termination benefits are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as per TAS 19. All actuarial gains and losses are recognized in consolidated statements of income.

The effects of the significant forecasts used in employment termination benefits provision calculations have been recognized as actuarial gains and losses and they have been explained in the relevant note.

2.5.12 Government grants

Government grants, including non-monetary grants at fair value, are recognized in consolidated financial statements when there is reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attaching to them, and the grants will be received.

Incentives for research and development activities are recognized in consolidated financial statements when they are authorized by the related institutions.

2.5.13 Earnings per share

Earnings per share disclosed in the consolidated statement of income is determined by dividing consolidated net income attributable to equity holder of the parent by the weighted average number of such shares outstanding during the year concerned.

2.5.14 Statement of cash flows

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash flows are classified into three categories as operating, investment and financing activities. Cash flows from operating activities are those resulting from the Group's production and sales activities. Cash flows from investment activities indicate cash inflows and outflows resulting from property, plant and equipments and financial investments. Cash flows from financing activities indicate the resources used in financing activities and the repayment of these resources. Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand accounts, bank deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with maturities equal or less than three months.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.5.15 Segment reporting

Operating segments are identified on the same basis as financial information is reported internally to the Group's chief operating decision maker. The Group Board of Directors has been identified as the Group's chief operating decision maker who is responsible for allocating resources between segments and assessing their performances. The Group management determines operating segments by reference to the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors to make strategical decisions.

The Group management evaluates the operational results at industrial and geographical level. An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses.

Group's operations are reported under three industrial segments:

- Television and electronic devices
- White goods
- Other

Group's operations are reported under three geographical segments:

- Turkey
- Europe
- Other

2.5.16 Offsetting

All items with significant amounts and nature, even with similar characteristics, are presented separately in the financial statements. Insignificant amounts are grouped and presented by means of items having similar substance and function. When the nature of transactions and events necessitate offsetting, presentation of these transactions and events over their net amounts or recognition of the assets after deducting the related impairment are not considered as a violation of the rule of non-offsetting. As a result of the transactions in the normal course of business, revenue other than sales are presented as net if the nature of the transaction or the event qualify for offsetting.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

2.5.17 Events after the balance sheet date

Events after the balance sheet date, announcements related to net profit or even declared after other selective financial information has been publicly announced, include all events that take place between the balance sheet date and the date when balance sheet was authorized for issue.

In the case that events require a correction to be made occur subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group makes the necessary corrections to the financial statements. Moreover, the events that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date and that do not require a correction to be made are disclosed in accompanying notes, where the decisions of the users of financial statements are affected.

2.5.18 Going Concern

The Group prepared consolidated financial statements in accordance with the going concern assumption

2.5.19 Trade Receivables

Trade receivables that are created by the Group by way of providing goods or services in the ordinary course of business directly to a debtor are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment. Short duration receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at original invoice amount unless the effect of imputing interest is significant

The Group collects some of its receivables via factoring. The Group follows related receivables in its consolidated financial statements since the collection risk of these receivables belongs to the Group until these ceded receivables are collected by the factoring company.

2.6. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the use of estimates and assumptions that may affect the amount of assets and liabilities recognized as of the balance sheet date, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and the amount of revenue and expenses reported. Although these estimates and assumptions rely on the Group management's best knowledge about current events and transactions, actual outcomes may differ from those estimates and assumptions. Significant estimates of the Group management are as follows:

i. <u>Revaluation of land, buildings and land improvements:</u>

Land, land improvements and buildings are stated at fair value, based on valuations performed at 31 December 2017 by professional independent valuer Çelen Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. (Note 14).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

As there were no recent similar buying/selling transactions nearby, revaluations of land were based on the method of reference comparison whereas revaluations of buildings and land improvements and machinery and equipment were based on the method of cost approach and based on the following valuation techniques and assumptions:

- Revaluations of land were based on the method of reference comparison whereas revaluations of buildings and land improvements were based on the method of cost approach, considering existing utilization of the aforementioned property, plant and equipments are consistent to the highest and best use approach.
- In the market reference comparison method, current market information was utilized, taking into consideration the comparable property in the market in recent past in the region, price adjustment was made within the framework of criteria that could affect market conditions, and accordingly an average m2 sale value was determined for the lands subject to the valuation. The similar pieces of land found were compared in terms of location, size, settlement status, physical conditions, real estate marketing firms were consulted for up-to-date valuation of the estate market, also, current information and experience of the professional valuation company was utilized.
- In the cost approach method, fair value of the buildings and land improvements was calculated by considering recent re-construction costs and related depreciation. In the cost approach method, above explained market reference comparison method was used in calculation of the land value, one of the components.

The carrying values of land, land improvements and buildings do not necessarily reflect the amounts that would result from the outcome of a sales transaction between independent parties.

As of initial recognition and as of balance sheet date, the Group performs impairment assessment for buildings and land improvements of which valuations are based on cost approach, accordance with the TAS 36 "Impairment of Assets", and no impairment indicator is identified.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 – INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

Subsidiaries:

As of 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017 the Group's major subsidiaries are as follows:

	30 June 2018		31 December 2017	
Consolidated subsidiaries	Voting rights	Effective ownership	Voting rights	Effective ownership
Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	95,2	95,2	94,6	94,6
Vestel Komünikasyon Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Ticaret A.Ş.	100	100	100	100
Vestel CIS Ltd.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Iberia SL	100	100	100	100
Vestel France SA	100	100	100	100
Vestel Holland BV	100	100	100	100
Vestel Germany GmbH	100	100	100	100
Cabot Communications Ltd.	90,8	90,8	90,8	90,8
Vestel Benelux BV	100	100	100	100
Vestel UK Ltd.	100	100	100	100
Vestek Elektronik Araştırma Geliştirme A.Ş.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Trade Ltd.	100	100	100	100
OY Vestel Scandinavia AB	100	100	100	100
Intertechnika LLC	99,9	99,9	99,9	99,9
Vestel Central Asia LLP	100	100	100	100
Vestel Poland sp. z.o.o.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Polska Technology Center sp. z o.o.	100	100	100	100

Financial information of Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. which is not wholly owned by the Group and has significant non-controlling interests is as follows.

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Accumulated non-controlling interests	51.483	70.593
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	11.713	22.331

The financial statements of the subsidiary is adjusted to include the effects of revaluation of land, buildings and land improvements in accordance with the Group's accounting policies applied in preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 3 - INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES (Cont'd)

Condensed balance sheet:

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Current assets	2.488.360	2.289.940
Non-current assets	1.305.866	1.134.824
Current liabilities	(2.320.602)	(1.706.307)
Non-current liabilities	(183.153)	(377.662)
Net assets	1.290.471	1.340.795

Condensed statement of comprehensive income:

contensed statement of comprehensive meetiner		
	1 January -	1 January -
	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
Net sales	2.388.326	1.744.512
Income / (loss) before tax	206.180	141.673
Tax benefit / (expense)	9.223	(3.380)
Net income / (loss) for the period	215.403	138.293
Total comprehensive income	231.254	137.746
Condensed statement of cash flows:		
Operating activities:		
Changes in working capital	(25.820)	(349.158)
Net cash provided by operating activities	310.504	(133.096)
Investing activities:		
Net cash used in investing activities	91.803	129.595
Financing activities:		
Proceeds from bank borrowings	449.538	175.724
Repayment of bank borrowings	(555.649)	(171.652)
Other payables to related parties	(240.000)	(180.000)
Net cash (used in) / provided by financing activities	(351.445)	14.262
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	65.190	11.840
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	113.347	13.579

Company's associate META (note 13) has share pledge agreement and commercial pledge agreement with the bank with respect to the investment loan previously utilized from that bank.

Other financial information of Group's subsidiaries are not presented on the grounds of materiality.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are identified on the same basis as financial information is reported internally to the Group's chief operating decision maker. The Group Board of Directors has been identified as the Group's chief operating decision maker who is responsible for allocating resources between segments and assessing their performances. The Group management determines operating segments by reference to the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors to make strategical decisions.

Considering the fact that the Group's risks and rate of returns are dissimilar between product types and between geographical areas, The Group management uses industrial segments as primary reporting format and geographical segments as secondary reporting format.

	Television and electronic			
	devices	White goods	Other	Total
1 January -30 June 2018				
Revenue	3.720.160	3.174.062	-	6.894.222
Cost of sales	(2.733.389)	(2.358.502)	-	(5.091.891)
Gross profit	986.771	815.560	-	1.802.331
Depreciation and amortization	127.255	90.493	-	217.748
1 January -30 June 2017				
Revenue	2.940.791	2.339.138	61.370	5.341.299
Cost of sales	(2.385.360)	(1.795.202)	(60.944)	(4.241.506)
Gross profit	555.431	543.936	426	1.099.793
Depreciation and amortization	112.726	64.675	41	177.442
1 April -30 June 2018				
Revenue	2.027.269	1.860.811	-	3.888.080
Cost of sales	(1.436.933)	(1.356.093)	-	(2.793.026)
Gross profit	590.336	504.718	-	1.095.054
Depreciation and amortization	66.444	45.711	-	112.155
1 April -30 June 2017				
Revenue	1.524.047	1.373.008	61.370	2.958.425
Cost of sales	(1.215.804)	(1.059.937)	(60.944)	(2.336.685)
Gross profit	308.243	313.071	426	621.740
Depreciation and amortization	55.813	33.360	41	89.214

Industrial segments

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Cont'd)

Capital expenditure

	Television and Electronical		
	devices	White goods	Total
1 January -30 June 2018 1 January -30 June 2017	163.792 119.274	336.542 141.591	500.334 260.865

Geographical segments:

Segment revenue	1 January -	1 January -	1 April -	1 April -
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Turkey	2.303.257	2.142.301	1.344.149	1.190.660
Europe	4.516.885	3.141.862	2.491.634	1.712.049
Other	590.344	507.045	343.949	299.214
Gross segment sales	7.410.486	5.791.208	4.179.732	3.201.923
Discounts (-)	(516.264)	(449.909)	(291.652)	(243.498)
Net sales	6.894.222	5.341.299	3.888.080	2.958.425

The amount of export for the period 1 January - 30 June 2018 is 5.107.229 thousand TL (1 January - 30 June 2017: 3.648.907 thousand TL). Export sales are denominated in EUR, USD and other currencies as 60%, 28,9%, and 11,1% of total exports respectively. (1 January – 30 June 2017: 64,9% EUR, 29,3 % USD, 5,8 % other)

The carrying value of segment assets and costs incurred in order to obtain these assets are not separately disclosed since significant portion of assets of the Group are located in Turkey.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 5 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Cash	1.927	1.186
Bank deposits		
- Demand deposits	351.784	346.131
- Time deposits	1.163.693	1.523.842
Cheques and notes	53.676	55.599
Other	75.954	65.090
Blocked deposits	13.173	8.489
Cash and cash equivalents	1.660.207	2.000.337

Effective interest rates

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
TL	17,68%	14,75%
USD	1,50%	-

As of 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017 the Group's time deposits have an average maturity of less than 3 months.

NOTE 6 – FINANCIAL ASSETS

		Owners	ship	Amo	unt
	– Country	30 June 31 I	December	30 June 31 Decembe	
		2018	2017	2018	2017
Financial assets available for sale	:				
Zorlu Enerji Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	Turkey	< 1%	< 1%	13.764	13.117
Tursoft A.Ş.	Turkey	7%	7%	11	11
Zorlu Endüstriyel Enerji A.Ş.	Turkey	1%	1%	51	51
İzmir Teknoloji Geliştirme A.Ş.	Turkey	5%	5%	11	11
Other	Turkey	-	-	200	200
				14.037	13.390

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

		Ownership		Amount	
		30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
Non-consolidated subsidiaries :	Country	2018	2017	2018	2017
Vestel Ventures Ar-ge A.Ş.	Turkey	100%	100%	36.275	36.275
Vestel Electronics Gulf DMC	UAE	100%	100%	1.409	1.409
Vestel Electronica SRL	Romania	100%	100%	1.778	1.778
Vestel Electronics Shanghai					
Trading Co. Ltd	China	100%	100%	751	751
Uts-United Technical Services, S.R.O	Slovakia	100%	100%	6	6
				40.219	40.219
Impairment of subsidiaries (-)					
Vestel Electronica SRL				(1.778)	(1.778)
					22.111
				38.441	38.441
NOTE 7 – FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			30 June 2018		38.441 ecember 2017
NOTE 7 – FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			30 June 2018		
			30 June 2018 3.543.549		
Short term financial liabilities	loans				ecember 2017
Short term financial liabilities Short term bank loans	loans		3.543.549		ecember 2017 1.341.413
Short term financial liabilities Short term bank loans Short term portion of long term bank	loans		3.543.549 1.618.541		ecember 2017 1.341.413 2.142.397
Short term financial liabilities Short term bank loans Short term portion of long term bank	loans		3.543.549 1.618.541 954		ecember 2017 1.341.413 2.142.397 479
Short term financial liabilities Short term bank loans Short term portion of long term bank Leasing debts	loans		3.543.549 1.618.541 954		ecember 2017 1.341.413 2.142.397 479
Short term financial liabilities Short term bank loans Short term portion of long term bank Leasing debts Long term financial liabilities	loans		3.543.549 1.618.541 954 5.163.044		ecember 2017 1.341.413 2.142.397 479 3.484.289

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

Details of the Group's short term bank loans are given below:

	30 June 2018			31 Dec	ember 2017	
	Weighted average of			Weighted average of		
	effective interest	Original	TL	effective interest	Original	TL
Currency	rates per annum	currency	Equivalent	rates per annum	currency	Equivalent
- USD	2,89%	82.174	374.770	2,33%	87.097	328.521
- EUR	1,48%	208.555	1.107.260	2,41%	180.671	815.820
- TL	20,43%	2.061.519	2.061.519	17,33%	197.072	197.072
			3.543.549			1.341.413

Details of the Group's long term bank loans are given below:

	30 June 2018			31 December 2017			
Currency	Weighted average of effective interest rates per annum	Original currency	TL Equivalent	Weighted average of effective interest rates per annum	Original currency	TL Equivalent	
- USD	7,58%	103.396	471.560	5,33%	93.076	351.074	
- EUR	5,29%	99.596	528.777	3,91%	69.055	311.818	
- TL	18,26%	618.204	618.204	14,71%	1.479.505	1.479.505	
Short tern	n portion		1.618.541			2.142.397	
- USD	5,61%	50.050	228.264	7,51%	78.831	297.342	
- EUR	3,57%	30.009	159.324	5,09%	93.709	423.145	
- TL	17,74%	135.092	135.092	17,88%	296.070	296.070	
Long term	portion		522.680			1.016.557	
			2.141.221			3.158.954	

As of the balance sheet date, the Group could not obtain the necessary approvals as per the obligation clauses of the facilities agreement, from the majority of the lenders prior to the acquisition of META (note 13). Therefore the Group classified its borrowings amounting to TL415 million as short term as of the balance sheet date which were previously classified as long term borrowings. Negotiations with financial institutions are ongoing in the subsequent period and waiver letters have been obtained from financial institutions representing significant portion of the agreement. Accordingly, the Group will reclassify aforementioned borrowing as long term in the subsequent period.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

The maturity schedule of Group's long term bank loans is given below:

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
One to two years	426.780	690.684
One to two years	420.700	090.004
Two to three years	85.545	142.837
Three to four years	7.415	102.007
Four years and over	2.940	81.029
	522.680	1.016.557

Total amount of Group's floating bank bans is 681.052 thousand TL (31 December 2017: 807.406 thousand TL)

The analysis of Group's bank bans in terms of periods remaining to contractual re-pricing dates is as follows:

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
6 months or less	681.052	807.406
	681.052	807.406

Guarantees given for the bank bans obtained are presented in note 16.

As of 30 June2018 and 31 December 2017, the Group's net financial debt reconciliation is shown below:

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Net financial debt as of 1 January	2.507.955	1.829.566
Cash inflows from loans	4.330.641	3.136.583
Cash outflows from loan payments	(3.380.925)	(1.959.030)
Cash inflow/outflow from other financial debts	62	(19.981)
Unrealized Fx gain/loss	268.935	138.674
Accrued interest	84.229	118.477
Change in cash and cash equivalents	340.130	(736.334)
Net financial debt as of end of the period	4.151.027	2.507.955

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

a) Short term trade receivables from related parties

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
UTS- United Technical Services, Spol S.R.O. ⁽³⁾	23.006	16.551
Vestel Elektronica S.R.L. ⁽³⁾	17.906	9.764
Other related parties	16.708	12.923
	57.620	39.238
Unearned interest on receivables (-)	(78)	(65)
	57.542	39.173

b) Short term trade payables to related parties

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
ABH Turizm Temsilcilik ve Ticaret A.Ş. ⁽¹⁾	2.215	2.912
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. ⁽²⁾	2.596	3.159
Other related parties	14.310	1.193
	19.121	7.264
Unearned interest on payables (-)	(45)	(25)
	19.076	7.239

c) Other long term receivables from related parties

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. ⁽²⁾	1.616.048	1.242.427
Vestel Savunma Sanayi A.Ş. ⁽³⁾	253.170	206.258
	1.869.218	1.448.685

As of 30 June2018, the annual average effective interest rate of other receivables in USD is 7%, average effective interest rate of other receivables in TL is 22% (31 December 2017: USD- 6%, TL 18%).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

d) Other payables to related parties

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Zorlu Family ⁽²⁾	43.851	-
Vestel Ventures A.Ș ⁽³⁾	961	9.295
	44.812	9.295

e) Transactions with related parties

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2018	1 April - 30 June 2017
Sales				
UTS- United Technical Services, Spol S.R.O. ⁽³⁾ Vestel Electronica S.R.L. ⁽³⁾	6.775 28.007	3.879 3.796	2.611 17.755	1.094 1.327
Zorluteks Tekstil Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ⁽¹⁾	4.452		- 17.755	(2.853)
Zorlu Solar Enerji Tedarik ve Ticaret A.Ş. ⁽¹⁾	-	61.370	-	61.370
Zorlu Yapı Yatırım A.Ş. ⁽¹⁾	-	990	-	990
Other related parties	1.383	8.437	485	7.575
	40.617	78.472	20.851	69.503
	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2018	1 April - 30 June 2017
Operating expenses				
ABH Turizm Temsilcilik ve Ticaret A.Ş. ⁽¹⁾	22.349	13.879	16.397	8.203
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. ⁽²⁾	13.016	11.099	7.426	5.720
Zorlu Gayrimenkul Geliştirme ve Yatırım A.Ş. ⁽¹⁾	4.727	4.107	2.330	2.114
Zorlu Air Havacılık A.Ş. ⁽¹⁾	1.725	1.200	1.010	711
Other related parties	3.332	1.926	2.174	954
	01001	11/10		17.702

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2018	1 April - 30 June 2017
Other income from operating activities				
Other related parties	4.797	4.357	3.246	827
Other expense from operating activities				
Other related parties	1.334	587	1.133	(59)
Financial income				
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. ⁽²⁾	384.795	71.395	280.603	10.605
Vestel Savunma Sanayi A.Ş. ⁽³⁾	9.537	9.899	-	6.699
Other related parties	27	689	-	(3.418)
	394.359	81.983	280.603	13.886
Financial expense				
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. ⁽²⁾	11.607	41.123	(754)	36.501
Other related parties	944	-		
	12.551	41.123	(754)	36.501
Dividends paid				
Other related parties	12.909	9.461	12.909	9.461

g) Guarantees received from and given to related parties are disclosed in note 16.

h) Compensation paid to key management including directors, the Chairman and members of Board of Directors, general managers and assistant general managers

Compensation paid to key management for the six months period ended 30 June 2018 is 16.739 thousand TL(1 January -30 June 2017: 16.727 thousand TL)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Short term trade receivables		
Trade receivables		
- Related parties (note 8)	57.620	39.238
- Other parties	3.757.743	3.405.019
Cheques and notes receivables	245.120	309.915
Other	47.031	34.886
	4.107.514	3.789.058
Unearned interest expense (-)		
- Related parties (note 8)	(78)	(65)
- Other parties	(79.034)	(61.433)
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(69.486)	(64.738)
Total short term trade receivables	3.958.916	3.662.822
Long term trade receivables		
Receivables from other parties	32.835	62.410
Cheques and notes receivables	1.104	7.326
Unearned interest expense (-)	(272)	(1.196)
Total long term trade receivables	33.667	68.540

The Group provides allowance for doubtful receivables based on historical experience.

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017
Opening balance, 1 January	64.738	56.866
Current year additions	12.812	6.774
Doubtful receivables written-off	(8.766)	(3.352)
Currency translation differences	702	259
Balance at 30 June	69.486	60.547

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Cont'd)

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Short term trade payables		
Trade payables		
- Related parties (note 8)	19.121	7.264
- Other parties	6.575.063	5.751.561
Notes payables		
- Other parties	56	51
Other	2.194	2.027
	6.596.434	5.760.903
Unearned interest income (-)		
- Related parties (note 8)	(45)	(25)
- Other parties	(13.275)	(9.531)
Total short term trade payables	6.583.114	5.751.347

NOTE 10 – OTHER RECEIVABLES

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Short term other receivables		
VAT receivable	223.700	216.171
Deposits and guarantees given	46.136	41.171
Other	176.180	93.555
	446.016	350.897
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(89.376)	(89.376)
	356.640	261.521

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Long term other receivables		
Deposits and guarantees given	1.216	1.103
Receivables from related parties (note 8)	1.869.218	1.448.685
Other	8.278	8.278
	1.878.712	1.458.066
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(8.278)	(8.278)
	1.870.434	1.449.788

The Group provides allowance for doubtful receivables.

NOTE 11 – INVENTORIES

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Raw materials	1.602.837	1.355.573
Work in process	110.710	77.577
Finished goods	1.322.418	1.346.329
Merchandise	193.295	189.383
Other	2.464	3.622
	3.231.724	2.972.484
Provision for impairment on inventories (-)	(49.210)	(28.305)
	3.182.514	2.944.179

Cost of the inventory included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period 1 January – 30 June 2018 is 4.468.355 thousand TL (2017: 3.738.380 thousand TL).

As of 30 June 2018 the Group does not have inventories pledged as security for liabilities (31 December 2017: None)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES (Cont'd)

Allocation of provision for impairment on inventories in terms of inventory type is as follows:

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Raw materials	8.980	8.980
Finished goods and merchandise	40.230	19.325
	49.210	28.305

Movement of provision for impairment on inventories is as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017
Opening balance, 1 January	28.305	21.156
Current year additions	23.248	14.561
Realised due to sale of inventory	(5.313)	(10.334)
Currency translation differences	2.970	622
Balance at 30 June	49.210	26.005

NOTE 12 – PREPAID EXPENSES

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Prepaid expenses in current assets		
Order advances given	35.324	19.903
Prepaid expenses	55.197	39.887
Business advances given	1.313	979
	91.834	60.769
Prepaid expenses in non-current assets		
Advances given for fixed asset purchases	55.100	74.087
Prepaid expenses	4.622	7.349
	59.722	81.436

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 13 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	30 June 2018		31 December 2017	
	%	Amount	%	Amount
Subsidiaries				
Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş Türkiyenin Otomobili Girişim Grubu Sanayi ve	50%	1.152.075	-	-
Ticaret A.Ş	19%	950	-	-
		1.153.025		-

As on 29 June 2018, pursuant to the Group's goal to diversify its lines of business and achieve profitable growth by investing in new-generation technologies, in order to secure the supply of nickel sulphate and cobalt sulphate compounds, which are critical raw materials for the production of EV batteries, of Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("META"), which is a Zorlu Holding A.Ş. subsidiary and is involved in nickel-cobalt mining. The Group has purchased 916.335.000 shares (each with a nominal value of TL1 and representing 50% of the company's share capital) from Ahmet Nazif Zorlu, Olgun Zorlu, Mehmet Emre Zorlu, Selen Zorlu Melik, Meta Madencilik Enerji Turizm Danışmanlık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and Zorlu Holding AŞ, for a total consideration of US\$250 mn. The acquisition value is in accordance with the valuation range of US\$447,2 million and US\$572 million stated in the independent appraisal report prepared by Ernst & Young Advisory Services, which is licensed by the Capital Markets Board.

META was founded in 2000 to undertake nickel mining in Turkey, has been operating under Zorlu Group since 2007. The company's nickel cobalt mining facility in Gördes, Manisa was commissioned at the end of 2014. The facility has a production capacity of 10.000 tons of nickel content and 550 tons of cobalt content per annum. Besides Gördes, META also has a licensed field in Eskişehir and undertakes surveying activities in various regions of Turkey. Currently, META produces nickel-cobalt hydroxide (MHP), which is an intermediate product, and plans to undertake an investment for the production of nickel sulfate and cobalt sulfate compounds, which are critical for Li-ion battery production in the upcoming period.

Within the framework of Turkey's Automobile Project, following the work undertaken by the Joint Initiative Group, to which Company's controlling shareholder, Zorlu Holding AŞ was a party, Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret AŞ decided has participated with a 19% share in "Türkiye'nin Otomobili Girişim Grubu Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.", which is planned to be established to produce mainly electric passenger cars and carry out supporting activities. In this respect, the Shareholders Agreement and Articles of Association have been signed on 31 May 2018. Establishment of the new company is completed on 28 June 2018.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Construction in progress	87.497	194.937	-	24 52.257	(129.933)	152.525
	4.318.473	404.417	(55.150)	53.257	-	4.720.997
Accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements	-	1.863	(2)	337	-	2.198
Buildings		17.274	(2)	6.881	-	24.155
8	-		-			
Leasehold improvements	112.912	7.400	(9)	302	-	120.605
Plant and machinery	1.560.713	118.781	(50.984)	12.267	-	1.640.777
Motor vehicles	5.711	599	(1.536)	274	-	5.048
Furniture and fixtures	272.274	18.502	(727)	2.758	-	292.807
Other tangible assets	849	-	-	-	-	849
		44446		22.010		
	1.952.459	164.419	(53.258)	22.819	-	2.086.439
Net book value	2.366.014					2.634.558

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

	C (Currency		
	1 January		translation	translation		30 June
	2017	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2017
Cost or revaluation						
Land	241.478	32.516	(12)	2.214	-	276.196
Land improvements	61.976	6	-	410	-	62.392
Buildings	722.232	3.542	(3)	12.459	755	738.985
Leasehold improvements	139.456	4.238	(320)	153	224	143.751
Plant and machinery	1.900.703	100.995	(1.788)	5.944	6.901	2.012.755
Motor vehicles	6.244	101	(456)	195	5	6.089
Furniture and fixtures	321.300	16.288	(906)	1.396	733	338.811
Other tangible assets	849	-	-	-	-	849
Construction in progress	7.832	26.979	-	2	(8.688)	26.125
	3.402.070	184.665	(3.485)	22.773	(70)	3.605.953
Accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements	3.177	1.301	-	85	-	4.563
Buildings	25.047	11.907	(2)	2.741	-	39.693
Leasehold improvements	113.695	5.783	(217)	84	41	119.386
Plant and machinery	1.373.174	95.288	(1.728)	5.025	-	1.471.759
Motor vehicles	5.032	369	(434)	182	-	5.149
Furniture and fixtures	238.172	16.694	(1.102)	1.170	-	254.934
Other tangible assets	846	-	-	-	-	846
	1.759.143	131.342	(3.483)	9.287	41	1.896.330
Net book value	1.642.927					1.709.623

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

Additions to property, plant and equipment in the period 1 January – 30 June 2018 mainly consist of machinery and equipment investments made to television and electronic devices factory, first and second refrigerator, cooker, dishwasher, washing machine and tumbler drier factories.

As of 30 June 2017 the Group does not have property, plant and equipment pledged (2017: None)

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment is as follows:

	Useful life
Land improvements	5 - 35 years
Buildings	25 - 50 years
Leasehold improvements	3 - 10 years
Plant and machinery	2 - 25 years
Motor vehicles	5 - 10 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 14 years

Allocation of current year depreciation and amortization expenses is as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017
Cost of sales	122.796	97.585
Research and development expenses	58.934	50.872
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses	17.853	15.531
General administrative expenses	14.607	10.101
Other operating expense (idle capacity depreciation expense)	3.558	3.353
	217.748	177.442

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	1 January			Currency translation		30 June
		Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2018
Cost						
Rights	67.730	1.534	-	688	-	69.952
Development cost	817.336	77.118	-	-	-	894.454
Other intangible assets	140.616	17.265	(785)	4.207	964	162.267
	1.025.682	95.917	(785)	4.895	964	1.126.673
Accumulated amortization						
Rights	47.456	1.777	-	633	-	49.866
Development cost	431.112	47.523	-	-	-	478.635
Other intangible assets	78.474	4.029	(746)	3.214	-	84.971
	557.042	53.329	(746)	3.847	-	613.472
Net book value	468.640					513.201

				Currency		
	1 January		translation			30 June
	2017	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2017
Cost						
Rights	64.279	479	-	249	(570)	64.437
Development cost	677.726	64.931	(803)	-	-	741.854
Other intangible assets	109.712	10.790	-	2.403	640	123.545
	851.717	76.200	(803)	2.652	70	929.836
Accumulated amortization						
Rights	43.886	1.560	-	222	(41)	45.627
Development cost	346.240	41.194	-	-	-	387.434
Other intangible assets	66.366	3.346	-	2.173	-	71.885
	456.492	46.100	-	2.395	(41)	504.946
Net book value	395.225					424.890

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 15 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Cont'd)

Development costs, incurred by the Group on development projects relating to television and electronic devices, refrigerators, split air conditioners, washing machines, cookers and dish washers are capitalized as intangible assets when it is probable that costs will be recovered through future commercial activity and only if the cost can be measured reliably.

Useful lives of intangible assets are as follows:

	Useful life	
Rights	2 - 15 years	
Development cost	2 - 10 years	
Other	2 - 15 years	

NOTE 16 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

a) Provisions

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Short term provisions		
Warranty and assembly provision	237.607	193.900
Other provisions	200.816	178.877
Provision for lawsuit risks	36.438	30.531
	474.861	403.308
Long term provisions		
Warranty and assembly provision	53.534	52.556
Other provisions	32.599	32.346
	86.133	84.902

As of 30 June 2018, the amount of provision provided for the cases for which the probability of losing the case is assessed to be high by the Group management and legal advisors is 36.438 thousand TL (31 December 2017: 30.531 thousand TL).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 16 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

As of 30 June movements of warranty and assembly provisions are as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017
Opening balance, 1 January	246.456	186.892
Current year additions Provisions no longer required	167.503 (122.818)	130.822 (104.274)
Balance at 30 June	291.141	213.440

b) Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive

Legal regulation prepared in conformity with European Union Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive ("WEEE") has been effective in Turkey since 2012. The Directive set collection, recycling and recovery targets for all types of electrical and electronic goods upon manufacturers. The Group fulfills these obligations.

c) Guarantees received by the Group

Guarantee letters, collaterals, cheques and notes received

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Guarantee letters	635.733	548.083
Cheques and notes	1.209.564	835.895
Collaterals and pledges	1.325.215	1.545.237
	3.170.512	2.929.215

Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and Vestel Ticaret A.Ş. has given collaterals to various banks on behalf of the Company for its forward contracts and bans utilized.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 16 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

d) Collaterals, pledges and mortgages ("CPM's") given by the Group

CPM's given by the Group	USD ('000)	EUR ('000)	TL	TL Equivalent
30 June 2018 A. CPM's given on behalf of its own legal entity	18.780	32.572	78.922	337.503
B. CPM's given on behalf of fully consolidated subsidiaries (*)	2.120.451	349.208	2.886.101	14.410.857
C. CPM's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of business	-	-	-	-
D. Total amount of other CPM's given	30.766	-	15.413	155.727
i. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the parent company ii. Total amount of CPM's given to on behalf of	-	-	-	-
other group companies which are not in scope of B and C. iii.Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third	30.766	-	15.413	155.727
parties which are not in scope of C.	-	-	-	-
Total	2.169.997	381.780	2.980.436	14.904.087

(*)Fully consolidated subsidiaries have given collaterals to various financial institutions on behalf of each other for their forward contracts and for the total amount of bans utilized.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 16 – PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)				
CPM's given by the Group	USD ('000)	EUR ('000)	TL	TL Equivalent
31 December 2017 A. CPM's given on behalf of its own legal entity	17.013	27.424	93.019	281.023
B. CPM's given on behalf of fully consolidated subsidiaries	2.073.784	367.117	2.511.303	11.991.126
C. CPM's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of business	-	-	-	-
D. Total amount of other CPM's given	30.766	-	17.314	133.360
i. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the parent company ii. Total amount of CPM's given to on behalf of other group companies which are not in scope of B	-	-	-	
and C.	30.766	-	17.314	133.360
iii.Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C.	-	-	-	-
Total	2.121.563	394.541	2.621.636	12.405.509

As of 30 June 2018 proportion of other CPM's given by the Group to its equity is 6% (31 December 2017: 6%).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 – COMMITMENTS

As of the balance sheet date the Group has committed to realize exports amounting to 575.922 thousand USD (31 December 2017: 568.309 thousand USD) due to the export and investment incentive certificates obtained.

As of 30 June 2018 the Group has forward foreign currency purchase contract that amounts to 1.350.456 thousand USD, 332.404 thousand EUR, 49.633 thousand GBP, 33.186 thousand PLN, 1.024 thousand CHF, 7.747 thousand RON, 58.000 thousand RUB and 764.247 thousand TL against forward foreign currency sales contract that amounts to 527.438 thousand USD, 368.515 thousand EUR, 108.640 thousand GBP, 2.255 thousand CHF, 1.453.658 thousand RUB, 24.336 thousand RON, 140.572 thousand PLN, 9.447 thousand SEK and 3.756.732 thousand TL. (31 December 2017: 1.522.920 thousand USD, 273.243 thousand EUR, 17.803 thousand GBP, 17.514 thousand PLN, 104 thousand CHF, 2.224 thousand RON, 82.891 thousand RUB and 492.689 thousand TL against forward foreign currency purchase contract; 282.759 thousand USD, 641.161 thousand EUR, 94.710 thousand GBP, 1.000 thousand CHF, 1.218.572 thousand RUB, 12.825 thousand RON, 187.881 thousand PLN, 16.143 thousand SEK and 2.999.135 thousand TL against forward foreign currency sales contract;

NOTE 18 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Liabilities for employee benefits:

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Due to personnel	76.331	69.328
Social security payables	26.022	38.407
	102.353	107.735

Long term provisions for employee benefits:

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Provision for employment termination benefits	100.152	96.078

Under Turkish law, the Company is required to pay employment termination benefits to each employee whose employment is terminated without due cause. In addition, under the existing Social Security Law No.506, clause No. 60, amended by the Labor Laws dated 6 March 1981, No.2422 and 25 August 1999, No.4447, the Company is also required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has earned the right to retire by receiving termination indemnities.

The amount payable is the equivalent of one month's salary for each year of service and is limited to a maximum of 5.001,76 TL/year as of 30 June 2018 (31 December 2017: 4.732,48 TL/year).

Provision for employment termination benefits is not subject to any funding.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 18 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future obligation of the company arising from retirement of employees. TAS 19 ("Employee Benefits") requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined employee plans. Accordingly actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability which are described below:

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. An expected inflation rate and appropriate discount rate should both be determined, the net of these being real discount rate. Consequently in the accompanying financial statements as of 30 June 2018, the provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future obligation of the company arising from retirement of employees. As of 30 June 2018 provision is calculated based on real discount rate of 4,67% (31 December 2017: 4,67%) assuming 6,5% annual inflation rate and 11,47% discount rate.

The movement in the provision for employment termination benefit is as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017
Balance at 1 January	96.078	76.463
Increase during the year	6.543	8.010
Payments during the year	(9.718)	(9.133)
Actuarial (gain) /loss	1.672	737
Interest expense	5.577	3.402
Balance at 30 June	100.152	79.479

NOTE 19 – OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Other current assets		
VAT carried forward	19.573	13.608
Other	9.480	14.786
	29.053	28.394
Other non - current assets		
Assets held for sale	5.922	7.060
	5.922	7.060

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 19 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Other current liabilities		
Advances received	116.169	48.891
Tax payables	75.796	86.318
Other	64.372	160.268
	256.337	295.477

NOTE 20 - CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS

a) Paid in capital

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Shares of par value Kr 1 each		
Limit on registered share capital	1.000.000	1.000.000
Issued share capital	335.456	335.456

As of 30 June 2018 and 31 December 2017 the shareholding structures are as follows:

	Share	holding	Amo	unt
	30 June 31	December	30 June 31 December	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Zorlu Holding A.Ş.	64,41%	64,41%	216.054	216.054
Shares held by public				
Other shareholders	22,46%	22,46%	75.355	75.355
Zorlu Holding A.Ş.	13,13%	13,13%	44.047	44.047
	100%	100%	335.456	335.456

b) Adjustment to share capital

Adjustment to share capital (restated to 31 December 2004 purchasing power of money) is the difference between restated share capital and historical share capital.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 20 - CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (Cont'd)

c) Share premium

Share premium account refers the difference between par value of the company's shares and the amount the company received for newly issued shares. The share premium account is disclosed under equity as a separate line item and may not be distributed. It may be used in capital increase.

d) Legal reserves

The legal reserves consist of first and second legal reserves appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"). The first legal reserve is appropriated out of the statutory profits at the rate of 5%, until the total reserve reaches a maximum of 20% of the Company's share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% of all distributions in excess of 5% of the Company's share capital. Under TCC, the legal reserves can only be used to offset losses and are not available for any other usage unless they exceed 50% of paid in share capital

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Legal reserves	48.909	46.195
e) Revaluation reserve		
Fair value gains on financial assets	4.524	4.149
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment	908.103	917.385
	912.627	921.534
f) Accumulated deficit		
Extraordinary reserves	512.541	512.541
Previous year's loss	(557.116)	(624.741)
Other inflation adjustment of share capital	119.718	119.718
	75.143	7.518

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 20 - CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (Cont'd)

g) Dividend distribution

For quoted companies dividends are distributed in accordance with the Communiqué Serial II -19.1 on "Principals Regarding Distribution of Interim Dividends" issued by the CMB effective from 1 February 2014.

Companies distribute dividends in accordance with their dividend payment policies settled and dividend payment decision taken in general assembly and in conformity with relevant legislations. The communiqué does not state a minimum dividend rate. Companies distribute dividends in accordance with the method defined in their dividend policy or articles of association. Additionally, dividend can be distributed in fixed or variable installments and dividend advances can be paid over the profit on interim financial statements.

Unless the general reserves that has to be appropriated in accordance with TCC or the dividend to shareholders as determined in the articles of association or dividend policy are set aside; no decision can be taken to set aside other reserves, to transfer reserves to the subsequent year or to distribute dividends to holders of usufruct right certificates, to board of directors members or to employees; and no dividend can be distributed to those unless the determined dividend to shareholders is paid in cash.

On the other hand, in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, the net period income is allocated after deducting the accumulated losses from the previous years, if any, as follows:

- **a)** As per Article 519 of the Turkish Commercial Code, 5% is allocated to a general legal reserve.
- **b)** A dividend is allocated from the remaining amount, at the rate determined by the General Assembly over an amount to be found after the addition of a donation, which is made in line with the Turkish Commercial Code and Capital Market Legislation.
- **c)** After the deductions above, the General Assembly has the right to decide how to allocate the dividend to members of the board of directors and officers, employees and workers, foundations established with various purposes, and similar persons and corporations.
- **d)** After the amounts stated in paragraph (a), (b) and (c) are deducted from the net period profit, the General Assembly is authorized to allocate the remaining amount as a second dividend or to allocate the remaining amount to its own reserve as per Article 521 of the Turkish Commercial Code.
- e) One tenth of the amount obtained after a dividend of 5% of the paid in capital and other legal reserve are deducted from the amount that is agreed to be allocated to the shareholders and other persons participating to the profit is added to the general legal reserve as per paragraph (c) of the second clause of article 519 of the Turkish Commercial Code.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 21 – SALES

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2018	1 April - 30 June 2017
Domestic sales	2.303.257	2.142.301	1.344.149	1.190.660
Overseas sales	5.107.229	3.648.907	2.835.583	2.011.263
Gross sales	7.410.486	5.791.208	4.179.732	3.201.923
Sales discounts (-)	(516.264)	(449.909)	(291.652)	(243.498)
Net sales	6.894.222	5.341.299	3.888.080	2.958.425
Cost of sales	(5.091.891)	(4.241.506)	(2.793.026)	(2.336.685)
Gross profit	1.802.331	1.099.793	1.095.054	621.740

NOTE 22 – EXPENSES BY NATURE

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2018	1 April - 30 June 2017
Raw materials, supplies and				
finished goods	4.481.489	3.906.665	2.173.840	2.132.371
Changes in finished goods, work in				
process, trade goods	(13.134)	(168.285)	278.137	(82.971)
Personnel expenses	498.747	413.619	271.803	228.242
Depreciation and amortization	214.190	174.089	110.304	87.572
Export, transportation, warehouse				
expenses	257.692	174.989	150.978	94.156
Warranty and assembly expenses	167.503	130.822	89.364	73.947
Advertising expenses	74.129	62.056	28.496	34.249
Other	534.075	400.105	311.967	236.748
	6.214.691	5.094.060	3.414.889	2.804.314

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 23 – GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING EXPENSES, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

a) General administrative expenses:

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2018	1 April - 30 June 2017
Personnel expenses	54.506	53.551	31.566	31.955
Depreciation and amortization	14.607	10.101	7.508	5.081
Other	93.067	76.219	50.451	40.768
	162.180	139.871	89.525	77.804
b) Marketing expenses:				
Personnel expenses	141.969	110.333	79.575	59.075
Depreciation and amortization	17.853	15.531	9.208	7.887
Other	690.837	503.963	383.139	278.659
	850.659	629.827	471.922	345.621
c) Research and development exper	ises:			
Personnel expenses	17.127	15.442	10.234	9.911
Depreciation and amortization	58.934	50.872	29.408	25.602
Other	33.900	16.542	20.774	8.691
	109.961	82.856	60.416	44.204

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 24 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

a) Other income from operating activities:

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017	1 April - 30 June 2018	1 April - 30 June 2017
Credit finance gains arising from				
trading activities	120.114	84.309	78.810	46.809
Foreign exchange gains arising from				
trading activities	431.603	368.487	250.782	187.755
Reversals of provisions	48	7.988	48	3.988
Other income	47.282	36.552	34.115	17.182
	599.047	497.336	363.755	255.734
b) Other expense from operating activ	vities:			
Debit finance charges arising from				
trading activities	120.136	76.890	72.995	46.896
Foreign exchange expenses arising				
from trading activities	992.067	270.094	713.433	58.033
Provision expenses	9.974	19.061	819	7.677
Other expenses	64.814	33.902	37.499	17.224
	1.186.991	399.947	824.746	129.830

NOTE 25 - FINANCIAL INCOME AND FINANCIAL EXPENSE

a) Financial income:

	1 January -	1 January -	1 April -	1 April -
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Foreign exchange gains	401.026	91.344	283.243	(8.491)
Gains on derivative financial instrumen	696.369	379.468	469.758	119.225
Interest income	185.888	97.958	100.158	51.674
	1.283.283	568.770	853.159	162.408

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 25 - FINANCIAL INCOME AND FINANCIAL EXPENSE (Cont'd)

b) Financial expense:

	1 January - 30 June	1 January - 30 June	1 April - 30 June	1 April - 30 June
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Foreign exchange losses	504.578	148.707	318.354	61.438
Losses on derivative financial instrume	496.401	457.256	237.989	201.409
Interest and commision expense	277.041	186.754	151.990	95.977
Other finance expenses	253	283	123	48
	1.278.273	793.000	708.456	358.872

NOTE 26 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES)

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Corporation and income taxes	13.592	19.182
Prepaid taxes (-)	(16.829)	(18.898)
Current income tax liabilities - net	(3.237)	284
Deferred tax liabilities	(69.342)	(129.591)
Deferred tax assets	126.787	174.309

Turkish Tax Legislation does not permit a parent company its subsidiaries and investments in associates to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, tax liabilities as reflected in these consolidated financial statements have been calculated on a separate entity basis for the fully consolidated subsidiaries.

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding back non-deductible expenses and by deducting other exempt income. In addition to corporate taxes, companies should also calculate income withholding taxes on any dividends distributed at the rate of % 15, except for companies receiving dividends who are resident companies in Turkey. Undistributed dividends incorporated in share capital are not subject to income withholding taxes.

In Turkey, advance tax returns are filed on a quarterly basis at the rate of 20%, until the 14th day of the following month and paid until the 17th day. Advance tax returns files within the year are offset against corporate income tax calculated over the annual taxable corporate income.

According to the Corporate Tax Law, 50% of the capital gains arising from the sale of tangible assets and 75% of the earning from investments in equity shares owned for at least two years are exempted from corporate tax on the condition that such gains are reflected in the equity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 26 – TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

Under the Turkish taxation system, tax bsses can be carried forward to be offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax bsses cannot be carried back.

There is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Tax returns are filed between 1-25 April following the close of the accounting year to which they relate. Tax authorities may however examine such returns and the underlying accounting records and may revise assessment within five years.

For the years 2006-2017, corporate tax rate in Turkey is 20%. In accordance with the regulation numbered 7061, published in Official Gazette on 5 December 2017, corporate tax rate for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020 has increased from 20% to 22%. Therefore, deferred tax assets and liabilities as of 30 June 2018 are calculated with 22% tax rate for the temporary differences which will be realized in 2018, 2019 and 2020, and with 20% tax for those which will be realized after 2021 and onwards.

Russian Federation

In Russia, corporate tax rate applicable is 20% (2016: 20%). Under the Russian Federation taxation system, tax bsses can be carried forward to be offset against future taxable income for up to ten years. There are no restrictions on the amounts subject to net off. On the other hand, tax, currency and customs legislations are subject to various interpretations and changes which can occurs frequently in Russian Federation. Management's interpretation for such legislation, which is applied to the Company's operations and activities, can be interpreted by regional and federal authorities in different ways.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 26 – TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

The events of the recent past in Russian Federation, shows that risk could be possible on approval of operations and activities, which approved in the past may not be approved in the future as a result of reviews by the tax authorities on legislation. According to a review by the tax inspection authorities, without exceptional circumstances, tax inspection covers three years prior to the final inspection. Under certain circumstances, such views may cover longer periods.

The tax results of Group's subsidiaries in other countries are not material to consolidated financial statements

As of 1 January - 30 June 2018 and 2017 tax benefit in the consolidated statement of income is as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017
Current period tax expense Deferred tax benefit	(9.195) 22.417	(5.326) 25.215
Total tax (expense) / benefit	13.222	19.889

Due to modernization, plant extension and investments incentive documents in Manisa Organized Industrial Zone, the Group has reduced rate of corporate tax advantage.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements prepared in accordance with CMB Communiqué II, No. 14.1 and their statutory financial statements. These temporary differences usually result from the recognition of revenue and expenses in different reporting periods for the Communiqué and tax purposes.

As of 30 June 2018, the Group has not recognized deferred tax assets arising from its investment incentive certificate, in accordance with conservatism principle of accounting.

The breakdown of cumulative temporary differences and the resulting deferred tax assets and liabilities provided using principal tax rate as of the balance sheet dates is as follows:

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 26 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

	Cumulative	temporary	Deferred tax	
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Deferred tax assets				
Employment termination benefits	(97.635)	(93.880)	19.527	18.776
Warranty provision	(142.568)	(132.382)	31.365	29.124
Provision for doubtful receivables	(121.164)	(124.241)	26.656	27.333
Unearned interest expense	(86.041)	(59.859)	18.929	13.169
Provision for impairment on				
inventories	(11.264)	(7.627)	2.478	1.678
Derivative financial instruments	(26.258)	(150.056)	5.777	33.005
Carryforward tax losses				
and R&D incentives	(599.623)	(521.750)	125.695	104.350
Other	(138.359)	(131.291)	30.439	28.884
			260.866	256.319
Deferred tax liabilites				
Useful life and valuation differences on				
property, plant and equipment and				
intangible assets	55.895	86.840	(11.179)	(17.368)
Revaluation of tangible fixed assets	1.117.944	1.129.982	(191.531)	(194.063)
Other	3.232	773	(1)1.331) (711)	(174.003)
other	5.252	115	(203.421)	(211.601)
				[211:001]
Deferred tax assets / (liabilites) - net			57.445	44.718

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 26 – TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
Subsidiares with net deferred tax liabilities	(69.342)	(129.591)
Subsidiares with net deferred tax assets	126.787	174.309

The movement of net deferred tax assets and liabilities is as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017
Opening balance, 1 January	44.718	14.094
Tax benefit recognized in income statement	22.417	25.215
Recognized in shareholders' equity	(10.603)	24.322
Currency translation differences	913	(114)
Deferred tax (liabilities) / assets		
at the end of the period, net	57.445	63.517

NOTE 27 - EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE

	1 January - 30 June 2018	1 January - 30 June 2017
parent	98.870	132.292
value (hundred shares)	33.546.000	33.546.000
	0,29	0,39

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 28 – DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Contract amountFair Value Assets / (Liabilities)Derivative financial assets:Image: The second secon	Contract	Fair Value
Held for tradingForward foreign currency transactions1.866.24048.025Cash flow hedge	amount	Assets / (Liabilities)
Forward foreign currency transactions1.866.24048.025Cash flow hedge		
	1.147.859	11.237
Derivative financial liabilities:	509.405	2.252
Held for tradingForward foreign currency transactions4.662.428(169.581)	4.092.737	(90.931)
Cash flow hedge279.438(18.298)Forward foreign currency transactions9.042.978(26.258)	1.838.130 7.588.131	(72.614) (150.056)

NOTE 29 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Foreign currency risk:

The Group is exposed to exchange rate risk due to its foreign currency denominated transactions. The main principle of foreign currency risk management is to maintain foreign exchange position at the level that minimizes the impact of foreign exchange fluctuations.

Derivative instruments are used in foreign currency risk management where necessary. In this respect the Group mainly prefers using foreign exchange forward contracts.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 29 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

			Other (TL	
30 June 2018	USD	EUR	Equivalent)	TL Equivalent
1. Trade receivables	124.047	214.115	480.548	2.183.069
2a. Monetary financial assets (including				
cash and cash equivalents)	13.747	19.474	6.549	172.636
2b. Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
3. Other	-	-	-	-
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	137.794	233.589	487.097	2.355.705
5. Trade receivables	7.038	-	-	32.098
6a. Monetary financial assets	350.541	-	-	1.598.712
6b. Non-monetary financial assets	2.081	4.106	-	31.290
7. Other	-	51	-	271
8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)	359.660	4.157	-	1.662.371
9. Total assets (4+8)	497.454	237.746	487.097	4.018.076
10. Trade payables	1.196.089	101.491	6.410	6.000.249
11. Financial liabilities	185.570	222.651	-	2.028.430
12a. Other monetary liabilities	6.849	578	1.135	35.440
12b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	1.388.508	324.720	7.545	8.064.119
14. Trade payables	882	2.428	-	16.913
15. Financial liabilities	50.050	30.009	-	387.588
16a. Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
16b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	50.932	32.437	-	404.501
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	1.439.440	357.157	7.545	8.468.620
19. Off-balance sheet derivative instruments				
net asset / (liability) position (19a+19b)	823.018	(36.111)	(613.727)	2.948.091
19a. Hedged total assets	1.350.456	332.404	354.906	8.278.730
19b. Hedged total liabilities	(527.438)	(368.515)	(968.633)	(5.330.639)
20. Net foreign currency asset/ (liability)				
position (9-18+19)	(118.968)	(155.522)	(134.175)	(1.502.453)
21. Net foreign currency monetary asset/				
(liability) position				
(=1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(944.067)	(123.568)	479.552	(4.482.105)
22. Fair value of financial instruments used				
in foreign currency hedging	-	-	-	(26.258)
23. Export	315.452	541.375	476.760	5.107.229
24. Import	793.503	109.788	1.214	3.728.219

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 29 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

			Other (TL	
31 December 2017	USD	EUR	Equivalent)	TL Equivalent
1. Trade receivables	221.245	287.728	129.655	2.263.405
2a. Monetary financial assets (including				
cash and cash equivalents)	17.615	20.622	4.844	164.405
2b. Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
3. Other	-	-	-	-
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	238.860	308.350	134.499	2.427.810
5. Trade receivables	16.548	-	-	62.417
6a. Monetary financial assets	329.460	-	-	1.242.690
6b. Non-monetary financial assets	4.504	7.157	-	49.306
7. Other	-	51	-	230
8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)	350.512	7.208	-	1.354.643
9. Total assets (4+8)	589.372	315.558	134.499	3.782.453
10. Trade payables	1.295.301	76.141	2.138	5.231.699
11. Financial liabilities	180.173	171.726	-	1.455.024
12a. Other monetary liabilities	9.425	426	2.663	40.137
12b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	1.484.899	248.293	4.801	6.726.860
14. Trade payables	-	-	-	-
15. Financial liabilities	78.831	93.709	-	720.487
16a. Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
16b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	78.831	93.709	-	720.487
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	1.563.730	342.002	4.801	7.447.347
19. Off-balance sheet derivative instruments				
net asset / (liability) position (19a+19b)	1.240.162	(367.918)	(670.296)	2.346.138
19a. Hedged total assets	1.522.920	273.243	117.367	7.095.498
19b. Hedged total liabilities	(282.758)	(641.161)	(787.663)	(4.749.360)
20. Net foreign currency asset/ (liability)				
position (9-18+19)	265.804	(394.362)	(540.598)	(1.318.756)
21. Net foreign currency monetary asset/				
(liability) position				
(=1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(978.862)	(33.652)	129.698	(3.714.430)
22. Fair value of financial instruments used				
in foreign currency hedging	-	-	-	(150.056)
23. Export	696.046	1.177.060	648.405	8.649.358
24. Import	1.751.687	211.432	1.475	7.240.650

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 29 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

As of 30 June2018 and 31 December 2017 sensitivity analysis of foreign exchange rates is presented in below tables. Secured portions include impact of off-balance sheet derivative instruments.

	Gain / Loss		Equity	
<u>30 June 2018</u>	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation
+/- 10% fluctuation of USD rate:				
USD net asset / liability	(430.561)	430.561	(430.561)	430.561
Secured portion from USD risk (-)	214.691	(214.691)	328.176	(328.176)
USD net effect	(215.870)	215.870	(102.385)	102.385
+/- 10% fluctuation of EUR rate:				
EUR net asset / liability	(65.605)	65.605	(65.605)	65.605
Secured portion from EUR risk (-)	50.391	(50.391)	(23.009)	23.009
EUR net effect	(15.214)	15.214	(88.614)	88.614
+/- 10% fluctuation of other currency rates:				
Other currencies net asset / liability	47.955	(47.955)	47.955	(47.955)
risk (-)	(58.717)	58.717	(58.717)	58.717
Other currency net effect	(10.762)	10.762	(10.762)	10.762

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 29 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

	Gain / Loss		Equity	
31 December 2017	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation
+/- 10% fluctuation of USD rate:				
USD net asset / liability	(369.217)	369.217	(369.217)	369.217
Secured portion from USD risk (-)	336.827	(336.827)	466.316	(466.316)
USD net effect	(32.390)	32.390	97.099	(97.099)
+/- 10% fluctuation of EUR rate:				
EUR net asset / liability	(15.196)	15.196	(15.196)	15.196
Secured portion from EUR risk (-)	(53.652)	53.652	(166.870)	166.870
EUR net effect	(68.848)	68.848	(182.066)	182.066
+/- 10% fluctuation of other				
currency rates:	12.970	(12070)	12.970	(12.070)
Other currencies net asset / liability risk (-)	(142.581)	(12.970) 142.581	(142.581)	(12.970) 142.581
Other currency net effect	(129.611)	129.611	(129.611)	129.611

DİPNOT 30 – EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

As on 5 July 2018, The Company acquired 100% shares (50,000 shares each with a nominal value of 1 TL) of Zorlu Gayrimenkul Proje Taahhüt Anonim Şirketi at their nominal value of 50.000 TL from the existing shareholders Ahmet Nazif Zorlu, Zeki Zorlu, Selen Zorlu Melik, Olgun Zorlu and Mehmet Emre Zorlu with the purpose of converting it to a new company whose corporate title is "Vest Batarya Sistemleri Anonim Şirketi" and will operate in production, marketing, sales, import and export of battery anode, cathode and cells and battery packs used in electric vehicles and electrical energy storage systems.